



# Marina:

The  
Daughter of  
Kison Ludim.

**SYNOPSIS OF PRECEDING CHAPTERS.**—Prince Phalis of Tyre pursues Marina to make her his wife. Gio aids her escape and is imprisoned by King Mapeu. He escapes; is traced to Marina's hiding place. King's officers take her on board their boat. A corsair comes up and takes her to Tarsus. She is sold and taken to her master's estate where she finds her father, supposed dead, in captivity; they escape, but are taken by a Tyrian war-ship. The king at once sends for a priest to marry Marina to his son.

## CHAPTER XIX.

It lacked half an hour of midnight. Dark clouds had been piling themselves up in the heavens until they reached the zenith, and now they hung over the city of Tyre like the black pall of death. There was no break in the sable mass—no single spot by which to tell that the sky had not always been as black as now. A mournful wind went chanting through the long avenues and among the cypress trees, and small drops of rain began to descend and patter upon the pavement. Brawlers had shrunk from their nocturnal orgies in the streets and sought the shelter of their dwellings, where their revels would still break occasionally upon the night air. Along the walls the sentinels had crept into their niches, and there they stood peering forth into such thick darkness that it seemed as though their spear heads would have cleared it. The waves dashed strangely against the rocks without, and their harsh voices seemed joined with the wind in mournful wailings. Where a lamp sent forth its dim rays from some open window it looked as though a fiery eye was trying to peer out beyond the impenetrable veil, casting no light around, relieving naught of the gloom, but only seeming a speck of light against the sable wall of night.

At a single point near the temple a footfall might have struck on an ear near enough to have heard it, though nothing could have been seen and had you stood still, you might have heard other footfalls following the first, or had you looked off to where a lamp stood near a window some twenty yards distant, you might have seen that for an instant it occasionally disappeared. At first it might have seemed as though some hand moved it quickly away, and then set it back again, but the exactness with which it ever reappeared in the same spot would soon show you that opaque bodies were constantly passing between the two points.

But this pattering of feet was not confined to the grand temple piazza. All over the city—upon every sidewalk, near every station—it might have been heard.

Ah! Here comes one so near that we can see the outlines of a man. Let's follow him for he seems on an anxious errand. He cuts along through the darkness with cautious tread, avoiding such places as may give room to human beings till he enters the chief bazaar, and ere long he stops in front of a rich dwelling, from the window of which struggle the beams of a large lamp. It is Strato's house.

"Ha!" exclaimed the young merchant, starting up from his seat and gazing upon the unbidden intruder. "What! this you, Alzac, and armed?"

"Sh! Flee, my good lord—flee at once to your treasure vault beneath the building! There's safety for you there, but there's none here."

"What is it? What means this, Alzac?" said young Strato, gazing with surprise and alarm at his dependent.

"It means that you must seek a place of safety. Follow me to the vault, and I will lock you in."

"But why? What means this strange request? Why are you thus armed with my sword? Are you mad, Alzac?"

"No—no, my lord; I am not mad."

but I would save you. Come! there is no time to lose."

"But this danger—what is it?"

"In truth, then, good master, the people have risen. Come!"

"Good God! is this thing possible?" cried young Strato, starting back, aghast.

"Yes," the avenger is let loose upon the tyrants and nothing now can stop him. Too long have the necks of the poor people been trampled in the dust, and now they cry for justice, and death alone can cheat them of what they seek. Ask no more, good master, for I cannot stop to answer. You have ever been kind to those under you, and I will save you. Moreover, whenever a Tyrian noble has a kind heart, there is a hand to save him. Come!"

"But the defenceless women?"

"Not a female will be harmed; their sex is sacred. To the vault—quick!"

As Alzac thus spoke he took the young man by the hand and motioned him earnestly, entreatingly, to follow. Strato hesitated no longer, for he saw at once his danger; nor was he entirely unprepared for this dreadful catastrophe, as the reader already knows. Alzac took the lamp and led the way, and only once did Strato speak. Then he asked:

"Has Gio ought to do with this?"

"No," returned Alzac. "The armorer knows nothing of it, nor has he in any way a hand in it, though he is aware that the people have long thought of it and seriously meditated upon it. By the way, my lord, have you seen Gio lately?"

"Why do you ask?"

"Because he has not been in his shop, and some say he is dead."

"I have not seen him," returned Strato, but he said no more, and in a moment afterwards he was safely locked up among his glittering gold and jewels.

"Ah, here comes the priest," said the king as the large doors were swung open. "Good health be with thee, sacred sir. It is late to call for one like thee, but the case in hand brooks no delay. Shut fast the doors, and let no one approach."

The priest bowed to the king, and in a tone of some surprise, he asked:

"What is this business?"

"A marriage."

"Are the parties—"

"A truce to thy parties," interrupted Mapeu. "It is the prince you are to marry, so hasten thy ceremonies."

"But the lady, sir?"

"The old man read his death warrant in that look, and with a fearful shudder in his frame and a flood of agony in his furrowed countenance, he took Marina by the hand and led her towards the spot where

stood the priest and the prince. Phalis and Marina stood side by side. The priest united their hands, and then he threw over their heads a mantle of purple silk, fringed and worked with gold. His lips were opened as if to speak, when his eye caught the expression that dwelt upon Esther, who had crept near to the side of Marina. In an instant, however, he seemed to comprehend that she had a right there; and again his lips separated.

"Hark!" suddenly exclaimed Phalis, letting go the hand he held, and bounding his head eagerly forward.

"It is nothing but some midnight brawlers," hastily said the king. "Ha! there sounds the gong; it is midnight indeed. Hasten—hasten with the ceremony, for, by the power of Hercules himself, this meeting breaks not up until Marina is married to the prince, and thus shall the Oracle be fulfilled! O priest, go on with the work!"

"Ye gods! there's more than midnight brawling in that!" cried Phalis, throwing the bridal canopy from his head, and springing forward.

"Hark! Hear those shouts! And, by the god Pluto, there's clashing of steel within the piazza of the palace!"

"Ho! without there, slaves!" he cried, half-starting towards the door. Not a sound indicated the attendance of those whom he called. Again in thunder tones, he cried for his attendants, but no one came.

"This smacks of rebellion!" he exclaimed, trembling with a fearful foreboding.

Marina looked upon her father, but his face was livid with terror. She sought protection. Then she turned towards Esther. The latter was as calm and unmoved as though she had been alone in her own chamber, and hurrying to her side, the poor girl laid her head upon her bosom.

Mapeu turned to where, at the back of the throne, stood a dozen of his trusty tools—slaves, who always did his bidding with ready hands—and in frightened tones he ordered them to spring to the doors and find his guard. Quickly they obeyed, but hardly had they passed the threshold, when they hesitated and turned back.

The first low sound that attracted the attention of the prince had now swollen to a horrid din, and amid the yells and shouts was plainly heard the sharp clang of arms. Nearer and nearer it came—the very air was laden with groans and curses—torches flashed through the windows, and when the slaves had opened the large doors, the glare of red lights poured up from the pavement below.

"The king—the king!" shouted a hundred voices. "Death to the Tyrant! Death to those who murder our children! On—on! The king—the king!"

"Flee!" said Phalis, grasping his father by the arm, and trying to pull him towards a small side door.

They leaped to the door, but it was locked on the outside. They turned, and the thunder of voices was heard in the passage. The next instant the insurgents rushed into the apartment. Hand to hand stood the king's own slaves, but they fought against men who were panting for liberty, and in a single minute the last man of them was borne back on the sword-point of the citizen Gaba.

"The king!" cried one who led the rest, and in whose noble countenance we recognize the features of Uz "On—on!"

"The king is mine, remember!" cried Uz, and as he thus spoke, he pressed upon his monarch.

The affrighted Mapeu begged, but none heard him. He swung his short dagger frantically in the air, but even while he did so the avenging steel of Uz pierced his breast. The prince fell beneath a dozen strokes of as many swords, and then the avengers looked around upon those who stood aside. The priest they would not touch—the girls were spared by their oath, but upon old Ludim they looked with flashing eyes.

"Who have we here?" cried one.

"Down with him!" shouted those behind. "He is a Tyrian noble!"

"Hold! Back! Touch not a hair of that man's head!" exclaimed Esther, springing between Ludim and the slaves.

"Down with him! He should not be here in secret with the king," yelled a dozen voices, and the angry stuff waxed hotter. "Ay, down with him!" and a score of bright, sharp swords were raised to take the old man's life.

Freemon of Tyre, stand back! At this moment came in deep thunder tones from the large doorway.

At the sound of that voice every sword was lowered, and even the king was startled back to life, for he bent forward from the wall against which he had fallen, and with a deep groan he strained his eyes in the direction from whence the voice had come.

Instinctively the insurgents fell back on either hand, and up through the passage, thus formed stalked the giant form of Gio, the armorer of Tyre. On the instant Esther sprang forward and fell upon her father's bosom, while Marina, with a movement equally as impulsive clasped her hands together and thanked the great God that she was saved, for in that strange man she knew she beheld one who was able to deliver her.

"Oh, God!" fell in rattling accents from the lips of the dying king, as he pressed his left hand hard upon his bleeding wound, while with the other he supported himself from falling. "Has death itself turned treacherous? Does the grave turn forth rebellion? Do the mouldering bones of the pit take to themselves flesh and life, and pass before me thus in battle form? Gio—Gio! why art thou come, thus untimely from thy tomb?"

"Mapeu" returned the armorer as he went to the side of the king, "I told thee we should meet again."

"I remember. But how art thou alive?"

"I have not been dead,"

"That must be false," said the king, vainly endeavoring to raise himself further up. "I saw thee dead, I saw thee buried; and now the grave has sent thee forth to lead on this most foul rebellion. Oh—oh! What powers have combined against me?"

"Mapeu" answered Gio, in accents of deep distinctness, "with this rebellion I have nothing to do. Not one word of mine has gone to kindle this spark in the bosoms of the Tyrian people, but it has been your own wickedness and lust—your own iron grasp of willful wrong—the curse of your own wicked satellites. I had a different power from this to hurl against your head, had need have been; and though its results might not have been so fearful in their extent, yet upon you they would have had the same weight. I have long seen the clouds that penetrated this storm, but I lent not my breath to fan them up. No, wicked man, I have rather endeavored to keep back this result by reforming the abuses that led to it. The powers that have combined against you are nothing but the wills of your people to be free from the curses you have heaped upon them."

"But who art thou? Oh, tell me! Did I not see thee dead?"

To be Continued.

## WOMAN'S AILMENTS.

### SUFFERING WHICH DOCTORS FAIL TO CURE.

Thousands of Women Throughout Canada in a Similar Condition—Words of Hope to Sufferers.

In countless homes throughout

Canada, where health and happiness should reign supreme, the peculiar weakness and diseases of women are responsible for an atmosphere of hopelessness and despair. This awful condition is largely due to a misunderstanding of the proper manner in which to effect a cure for female troubles of all kinds. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have been more successful in cases of this kind than any other medicine, and they should be in every home, and should be used by every woman who is not perfectly hearty and strong. Mrs. Fred. Murphy, a well-known resident of Rubicon, N.S., cheerfully bears testimony to the great value of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills in woman's ailments. Mrs. Murphy says:—"A few years ago my health was completely broken down, my troubles beginning in one of the ailments which so frequently afflict my sex. I was a great sufferer from violent attacks of pain which would seize me in the stomach and around the heart. It is impossible for me to describe the agony of the spasms. Several times the doctor was hastily summoned, my friends thinking me dying. I was wholly unable to perform my household work, and was under medical treatment all through the summer, but without benefit. My appetite left me; my heart would palpitate violently after the least exertion, and I was pale and emaciated. My husband urged me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and procured me a supply. After using the pills a couple of weeks, I could feel that they were helping me, and after using seven bottles, I was fully restored to health. From that time until the spring of 1901 I enjoyed the best of health, but at that time I felt run down, and suffered from pains in the back. I at once got some more of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and I am now feeling better than I have done for years. I cannot praise these pills too much, nor can I too strongly urge those who are ailing to test their wonderful health restoring virtues."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills go right to the root of disease by making new, rich blood, and restoring shattered nerves. In this way they cure such troubles as the functional ailments of women, restore the glow of health to sallow cheeks, cure palpitation of the heart, anaemia, headache, indigestion, kidney and liver troubles, rheumatism, partial paralysis, St. Vitus dance, etc. Be sure you get the genuine with the full name "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People" on every box. If you do not find them at your dealers they will be mailed postpaid at 50c a box, or six boxes for \$2.50, by addressing the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

## LOW SETTLERS RATES.

During March and April, 1902 Northern Pacific will sell ONE WAY SECOND CLASS SETTLERS' tickets from eastern terminal points—St. Paul, Minneapolis, Ashland, Duluth, and the Superiors—at greatly reduced rates to nearly all points on its main line, branches and connecting lines, west of North Dakota. These tickets to Northern Pacific points will be good for stopover west of Hope, Idaho.

For example the rate to Portland and North Pacific coast common points will be \$25. For further detailed information about these rates call upon or write to Wm. G. Mason, D.P.A., Nor. Pac. R'y., 215 Elliott Square, Buffalo, N.Y., or address Chas. S. Fee, Gen. Pass & Fkt. Agent, Nor. Pac. R'y., St. Paul, Min. For those who have not yet arranged to buy homes in the Northwest this is a rare opportunity to go out to Montana, Idaho, Washington and Oregon and look over the country. The good lands are being rapidly sold and the country and towns are prosperous and growing. Ranch lands, farm lands, fruit lands, timber lands are all to be found. If you want to go where irrigation renders you independent of rainfall or drought come along and we can fix you out.

Some of the important valleys reached by the Northern Pacific are the Yellowstone, Gallatin, Madison, Deer Lodge, Bitter Root, and Clark Fork in Montana, the Palouse Big Bend, Colville, Clearwater, Walla Walla, and Yakima valleys in Idaho, and Washington, the Puget Sound and British Columbia regions and the Oregon country. It is a vast empire where climate soil and other advantages make of it a favored land.

## BAD FAMILY EXAMPLES.

Brown: "I don't like to read tales which show how geniuses were once unruly children."

Jones: "Why not?"

Brown: "They merely encourage lazy parents to believe that their unruly children will all turn out geniuses."

## THE BRITISH AMERICA.

At the sixty-eighth annual meeting of the British America Assurance Company held in the head office at Toronto the other day, a highly satisfactory report was presented. The net profits for last year were \$9,590,850 in dividends was distributed at 6 and 7 per cent., and \$30,544 carried to the reserve fund, which now stands at \$612,001. Hon. Geo. A. Cox, the president, said that the net gain in premiums for last year was \$127,150 and the reduction in losses \$16,124. Reviewing the business of the company for the past eight years the president showed that during that period the net premiums in Canada had increased from \$175,951 to \$351,505, an advance of 100 per cent., while the average increase of companies doing business in the same field, according to the Government reports, was only 40 per cent.

## REFUSES TO DIE.

The creature most tenacious of life is the common sea-anemone. One may be cut into half a dozen sections which will grow into as many animals. They may be turned inside out, when they apparently enjoy themselves just as well as before. If two be divided and the two halves containing the heads placed end to end, they will unite, and the result will be a monster having a head at each extremity.

## NO VERIFICATION NEEDED AT HOME.

### EVERYBODY IN OSHAWA IS FAMILIAR WITH THIS CASE.

Joe Brown's Wonderful Escape From Death is Now an Old and Oft Told Story to the People of His Own Town.

Oshawa, Ont., March 3.—(Special.)—While interest in Joe Brown's case has been revived by the recent publication of the facts in so many papers, Oshawa people are well acquainted with the whole circumstance. Mr. Brown's father-in-law, Mr. John Allen, whose place of business is right in the centre of the town, has, however, hid to answer many questions recently, but as he was very close to Mr. Brown during the whole of his painful experiences in '97 and '98, he finds this an easy matter.

Mr. Allen is quite as enthusiastic as Mr. Brown himself, and never tires telling the story of how Dodd's Kidney Pills conquered disease, and saved Mr. Brown's life. He says:

"We didn't think he would ever live through it, let alone get strong and be able to work, but the pills made him all right and well in a short time, and the best of it was that the cure has stood the test of time. It must be three and a half years since, and as you know, he's strong and hearty to-day and has been ever since Dodd's Kidney Pills sent him back to the shop."

"There are many others in town who have recently been reminded of this wonderful cure of a seemingly hopeless case who find no trouble in calling up the facts, and none are slow to give all the credit to Dodd's Kidney Pills."

To be Continued.

# Protruding Bleeding Piles.

### Two Letters from Mr. Walker Explaining the Severity of His Case and the Permanency of His Cure by Using Dr. Chase's Ointment.

Some people seem to think that it is too much to claim that Dr. Chase's Ointment will cure every form of piles, but facts go to prove the truth of this claim. These are interesting letters from one who has suffered much and been cured.

In November, 1901, Mr. Sherwood Walker, a fireman on the Canada Atlantic Railway, living at Madawaska, Ont., writes:—"I am a great sufferer from bleeding piles. Sometimes the protruding piles come down, causing much misery and uneasiness, and at other times I am subject to bleeding piles, and they bleed to such an extent as to make me quite weak. If Dr. Chase's Ointment will cure this awful ailment you will have my everlasting gratitude."

On March 1, 1902, we received the following letter from Mr. Walker, which speaks volumes for Dr. Chase's Ointment as a cure for piles of the most distressing form. He writes:—"According to my promise, I now take pleasure in writing to you. If you remember, you sent me a bleeding pile some three months ago. I used it faithfully, and can say that it proved a Godsend, for it has entirely cured me of bleeding piles."

"I would have written sooner, but I wanted to be able to tell you that it was a permanent cure. This people here who have been cured of very severe cases of protruding piles by using this great ointment."

So far as we know there is no other preparation extant which is so aggravated kind as Dr. Chase's Ointment. Its soothing, healing powers are enough and permanent. Sixty cents a box, at all dealers, or Edmansons, Bates & Co., Toronto.

## Piles

To prove to you that Dr. Chase's Ointment is a certain and absolute cure for each and every form of itching, bleeding and protruding piles, the manufacturers have guaranteed it. See testimonials in the daily press and ask your neighbor what they think of it. You can use it and get your money back if not cured. 60c a box, at all dealers of Edmansons, Bates & Co., Toronto.

### Dr. Chase's Ointment

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"But who art thou? Oh, tell me! Did I not see thee dead?"

To be Continued.

# SUNLIGHT SOAP

One ounce of Sunlight Soap is worth more than two ounces of impure soap.

**REDUCES EXPENSE**

**\$5,000 Reward** will be paid by LEVER BROTHERS LIMITED, Toronto, to any person who can prove that this soap contains any form of adulteration, or any injurious chemicals.

ASK FOR THE OCTAGON BAR

## The Federal Life Assurance Co. of Canada.

The twentieth annual meeting of the shareholders of this company was held at the head office in Hamilton, Tuesday, the 4th inst. Lieut.-Col Kerns, vice president, was appointed chairman and David Dexter secretary.

### REPORT OF DIRECTORS.

The directors presented their annual report, as follows:

Your directors have the honor to present the report and financial statement of the company for the year which closed on December 31, 1901, duly vouched for by the auditors.

The new business of the year consisted of 1,793 applications for insurance aggregating \$2,479,500, of which 1,704 applications, for \$2,385,768.50, were accepted; applications for \$93,731.50 were rejected or held for further information.

As in previous years, the income of the company shows a gratifying increase, and the assets of the company have been increased by \$178,781.66, and have now reached \$1,419,925.58, exclusive of guarantee capital.

The security for policy-holders, including guarantee capital, amounted at the close of the year to \$2,319,925.58, and the liabilities for reserves and all outstanding claims, \$1,230,840.94, showing a surplus of \$1,089,084.64. Exclusive of un-called guarantee capital, the surplus to policy holders was \$1,591,075.64.

Policies on 56 lives became claims through death to the amount of \$126,745, of which \$5,000 was retained in other companies, a rate of mortality considerably under that provided for.

Including cash dividends and dividends applied to the reduction of premiums, \$30,828.70, with annuities, the total payments to policy-holders amounted to \$1,812,925.47.

Particular attention has been given to the investment of the company's funds in first-class bonds, mortgage securities, and loans on the company's policies amply secured by reserves. Our investments have yielded results better than the average results of insurance companies doing business in Canada.

Expenses have been confined to a reasonable limit, consistent with the efforts for new business.

The field officers and agents of the company are intelligent and loyal, and are entitled to much credit for their able representation of the company's interests. The members of the office staff have also proved faithful in the company's service.

The assurances carried by the company now amount to \$13,058,777.81 upon which the company holds reserves to the full amount required by law, and, in addition thereto, a considerable surplus, as above shown.

The work of the current year, now well under way, has produced results even better than for the same period

last year, leading to the belief that a like advantage may be maintained throughout the year.

DAVID DEXTER, Managing Director  
WM. KERNS, Vice-President.

### AUDITORS' REPORT.

To the President and Directors of the Federal Life Assurance Company:

Gentlemen: We have made a careful audit of the books of your company for the year ending December 31, 1901, and have certified to their correctness. The securities have been inspected and compared with the ledger accounts and found to agree therewith.

The financial position of your company, as on December 31, is indicated by the accompanying statement.

Respectfully submitted,  
H. S. STEPHENS,  
J. J. MASON.

Auditors,  
Hamilton, March 1, 1902.

### FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR 1901.

Premium income	\$ 439,504 05
Interest	57,551 64
Capital stock	7,715 00
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 504,770 69</b>

Paid to policy-holders for death claims, endowments, surrenders, and all other payments	\$ 182,925 67
Reserve fund	158,310 16
Other payments	163,537 86
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 504,773 69</b>

Assets, December 31, 1901	\$ 1,419,925 58
Debentures and bonds	\$ 321,172 84
Mortgages	\$ 319,691 65
Loans secured by policy reserves	\$ 235,530 59
Cash in bank and other assets	\$ 273,530 50
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 1,419,925 58</b>

Liabilities	\$ 1,230,840 94
Reserve fund	\$ 1,235,058 31
Death losses awaiting proofs	\$ 20,400 69
Other liabilities	\$ 15,393 63
Surplus on policy-holders account	\$ 159,075 64
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 1,449,925 58</b>

Guarantee capital	\$ 870,000 00
<b>Total security</b>	<b>\$ 2,319,925 58</b>

Policies were issued	\$ 2,385,768 50
Total assurance in force	\$ 13,058,777 81

On motion of Lieut. Col. Kerns, seconded by Mr. Macpherson, the report was adopted.

The medical director presented a statistical report, showing a favorable mortality experience.

The retiring directors were re-elected and at a subsequent meeting David Dexter was elected president and managing director, Lieut.-Col. Kerns and Mr. Macpherson vice-presidents.

### PIANO FULL OF EXPLOSIVES.

The London Daily Chronicle publishes the following letter from a yeoman in South Africa: You mustn't think that I'm cruel because I go in for smashing things, but you can never trust a Boer. The other day we came to an empty farm-house shut up; we broke into it and came across a piano with a note attached begging us not to smash it, as it was a present from somebody's mother. I guessed that note was all bunkum, and suggested that we should open the instrument. We did so, and, sure enough, it was full of ammunition. That was good enough for us; we burnt it down, but it did not burn long, for the house blew up.

## SALADA

Ceylon Tea is the finest Tea the world produces, and is sold only in lead packets.

Black, Mixed and Green.

Japan tea drinkers try "Salada" Green tea.

The weekly mail to our army in South Africa is 204,000 letters.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY. Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. A druggist will refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

There were 6,378 deserters from the British Army in 1900, against 4,107 in 1898.

7-7 (wise head) has an advantage over other soap powders inasmuch as it also acts as a disinfectant.

The horses considered best for heavy dray work weigh 1,800 pounds each.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that contain Mercury.

Mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should be used except on prescription and never be used except on the face. They will do more harm to the face than any other remedy. H. L. Carter's Catarrh Ointment is made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free. Sold by Druggists, price 75c per bottle. H. L. Carter's Family Pills are the best.

It takes 2,800 silk-worms to make a pound of silk, and these worms eat 156 pounds of leaves before they spin their cocoons.

Keeps the cough and works off the cold. Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No cure, No Pay. Price 25 cents.

A cow's hide produces 35 pounds of leather and that of a horse about 18 pounds.

For Over Sixty Years. Mrs. Winslow's Kidney Pills have been used by millions of mothers for their children while teaching them to walk. It cures the child's ailments, such as colic, worms, and all other ailments, and is the best remedy for Diarrhoea. It cures the child's ailments, such as colic, worms, and all other ailments, and is the best remedy for Diarrhoea. It cures the child's ailments, such as colic, worms, and all other ailments, and is the best remedy for Diarrhoea.

Titanium is the hardest metal. It looks like copper but will scratch rock crystal.

The Publisher of the Best Farmer's paper in the Maritime Provinces, in writing to us states: I would say that I do not know of a medicine that has stood the test of time like MINARD'S LINIMENT. It has been an unfailing remedy in our household ever since I can remember, and has outlived dozens of would-be competitors and imitations.

The world has now 3,320 light-houses. Of these the United States owns 635 and Britain 359.

Minard's Liniment Cures Colic, etc. In order that a rainbow may be produced, the sun must not be more than 42 degrees above the horizon.

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS. EPPS'S GRATEFUL-COMFORTING. COCOA BREAKFAST-SUPPER.

He—You know you love me better than you do him, even if he has more money. She—Yes, but I think it better to become engaged to him while you are making a fortune. Think of the lovely presents he will give me!

Miss Nipper—He told her he would give her all he had in the world to make her happy. Miss Swann—And what did she do? Miss Nipper—She married him and held him strictly to his promise.

THE HARDEST WOOD IN THE WORLD IS NOT CHONY, BUT COCUS, WHICH IS MUCH USED FOR THE BEST BITES AND OTHER SIMILAR MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

Page Metal Gates are so low in price no one can afford to use wooden ones. Light, and yet strong enough to support heavy man on the end while he swings around the circle without causing them to sag. They are neat in appearance, will last a lifetime. Will not sag nor get rickety. They are supplied with latches which allow them to be opened either way and are self-closing. The only good metal gate fence. Write for particulars. Page Metal Fence Co. Limited, Walkerville, Ont.

It's sad to think how much good money is spent on bad tea despite the fact that Blue Ribbon is in every store. Put up Black Mixed & Ceylon Green.

### There's A Paint



and it's the kind of paint you should have on your house. It stands up against the weather, fights off rain and storm and hot sun, keeps your house looking bright, clean and handsome among your neighbors. Going to paint this spring? Buy

### RAMSAY'S PAINT

the oldest and best in Canada. Pure colors, pure oil, finely ground and properly mixed, ready for use, no loss, no waste. Sold at just the right price by all dealers. Send for our booklet showing beautiful homes. Ask for booklet "K" free.

A. RAMSAY & SON, Estab. 1842. MONTREAL, Paint Makers

### IF YOU WANT GOOD PRICES FOR YOUR Butter, Eggs, Poultry, Apples or other Produce CONSIGN THEM TO THE DAWSON COMMISSION CO., Limited, TORONTO

Correspondence Solicited.

"Of course you've read Homer's story of Ulysses and Calypso, have you not?" "No, I really can't say that I have. There's so many books keep coming out now, don't you know, that I just simply don't pretend to keep track of them all."

Minard's Liniment Cures Gout in Cows. In 1880 an ounce of gold would buy 15 ounces of silver. Twenty years later it would purchase 20 ounces.

W. P. C. 1121

THE MOST POPULAR DENTIFRICE. CALVERT'S CARBOLIC TOOTH POWDER. Preserves the teeth. Sweetens the breath. Strengthens the gums.

CALEMEN FOR "AUTOSPRAY" WANTED. Best compressed air sprayer under sample machine free. SAVERS 9889. Ont. Ont.

WOOD PHOTO ENGRAVING. J. L. JONES ENG. CO. 168 BAY STREET - TORONTO

FEATHER DYEING. Cleaning and Dyeing Kid Gloves cleaned. These can be sent by post, 10 per cent. the best place in BRITISH AMERICAN DYEING CO. MONTREAL.

COLD SORES. removed or healed by one or two applications of Gleadine. It keeps the skin soft and clear. Large Boxes 25c. Druggists or Gleadine Co., Toronto.

### Brass Band

its instruments Drums, Uniforms, Etc. EVERY TOWN CAN HAVE A BAND. Lowest prices ever quoted. Full catalogue, 200 illustrations, mailed free. Write for anything in Music or Musical Instrument.

WHALEY BOYCE & CO., Limited, Toronto, Ont. and Winnipeg, Man.

### TO PRINTERS

FOR SALE.—Two 2-revolution Campbell Presses, bed 40x60 inches. Splendid order. Price \$1,000 each. Terms easy. S. FRANK WILSON, 73 West Adelaide St., Toronto.

### Dominion Line Steamships

Montreal to Liverpool. Boston to Liverpool. Portland to Liverpool. Via Quebec. Large and fast steamships. Superior accommodations for all classes of passengers. Saloons and Steerage. Free baggage. Special attention has been given to the rate of passage and all particulars, apply to any agent of the Company, or Richards, Mills & Co., 77 State St., Boston. D. Torrance & Co., Montreal and Portland.

### FARM SEEDS

1,000,000 Customers. \$10 WORTH FOR 15c. We will mail you a receipt of the 10 stamps on great Catalogue, worth \$1.00. Do not get away from us. We will give you a 25c. gift with every \$1.00 purchase. Together with many farm seed samples, worth \$1.00. We will give you a 25c. gift with every \$1.00 purchase. Together with many farm seed samples, worth \$1.00. We will give you a 25c. gift with every \$1.00 purchase. Together with many farm seed samples, worth \$1.00.

### A FEARFUL JOY.

Lord Russell of Killowen, the late Lord Chief Justice of England, was very brusque in manner and to call upon him was sometimes a fearful joy. A visitor to Mr. Wilkins once appeared in Lord Russell's office to ask a favor. The conversation which ensued would be regarded anywhere as sufficient evidence of Lord Russell's eccentricity, to use a mild term.

"How do you do, Sir Charles," said Wilkins. "I think I had the honor of meeting you with Lord—"

"What do you want?" interrupted Lord Russell.

"Well, Sir Charles, I have endeavored to state in my letter—"

"Yes, I have your letter," said Lord Russell, brusquely, "and you write a very slovenly hand."

"The fact is, Sir Charles, I wrote that letter in a hurry in your waiting-room."

"Not at all, not at all. You had plenty of time to write a legible note. No, you are careless. Go on!"

"Well, a vacancy has occurred in—"

"You are very untidy in your appearance," broke in Sir Charles.

"I was frightened," said Wilkins.

"Nonsense!" again interrupted Lord Russell. "You had plenty of time to make yourself tidy. No; you are naturally careless about your appearance. Go on!"

"Well, Sir Charles, this vacancy has occurred in—"

"And you are very fat," interrupted the chief justice, irritably. "That is hereditary. I am afraid, said the visitor, not a little disconcerted by the criticisms of Sir Charles. "My father was very fat."

to the position he desired. His bark was often worse than his bite.

### Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper

### CHILD-LIKE IGNORANCE.

The general illiteracy of the average Russian peasant has one curious result. A writer who has travelled widely in their country notes that the shopkeepers announce their wares by pictures rather than by names. The attention of the customers is sought by paintings of the articles on sale—as of coats and trousers in the clothing stores; bread, butter, cheese and sausages in the line of provisions; knives, forks, and carpenters' tools at the hardware dealers'; and so on. Even in the barracks the sentry is taught the proper military motions by a series of pictures. It all seems like dealing with children. There are millions who read no books or newspapers, and write and receive no letters.

### Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria

The hardest wood in the world is not chony, but cocus, which is much used for the best bites and other similar musical instruments.

Miss Nipper—He told her he would give her all he had in the world to make her happy. Miss Swann—And what did she do? Miss Nipper—She married him and held him strictly to his promise.

THE HARDEST WOOD IN THE WORLD IS NOT CHONY, BUT COCUS, WHICH IS MUCH USED FOR THE BEST BITES AND OTHER SIMILAR MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

Page Metal Gates are so low in price no one can afford to use wooden ones. Light, and yet strong enough to support heavy man on the end while he swings around the circle without causing them to sag. They are neat in appearance, will last a lifetime. Will not sag nor get rickety. They are supplied with latches which allow them to be opened either way and are self-closing. The only good metal gate fence. Write for particulars. Page Metal Fence Co. Limited, Walkerville, Ont.

That is low enough in price for general farm purposes. Write for particulars. Page Metal Fence Co. Limited, Walkerville, Ont.

## ADVICE TO MEN

Who are Old While Young, Whose Vitality is Wasted, Whose Nerves are Shattered, Who Find Life Burdensome, I can cure you with Electricity, as I have cured thousands of others. I can make the blood circulate in your veins, the nerves tingle with vigorous life, and the spirit of energy show itself in every move of your body. My

### Dr. McLaughlin's Electric Belt

Is a Model, a Modern Home Treatment.

My twenty years of study are shown in this grand appliance. You wear it with comfort and ease. It cures all the troubles of the back, such as Rheumatism, Lame Back, Indigestion, Weak Stomach, and all forms of pain and weakness. It restores the life while you sleep, and must cure. Any one who will secure me can use my Belt and

Pay When Cured.

Do You Suffer? If so, don't hesitate, don't waste your time on drugs, which give no strength. Wear this life-giving appliance as I direct and it will cure you.

SPECIAL NOTICE—If you have an old belt of another make which has burned and blistered you, or one that did not possess electricity, bring it in and I will allow you one-half the price of mine for it.

I give a free test to all who call. If you can't call I will send you my beautifully illustrated book with full information FREE. Call to-day if possible and I will prove to you that my belt is all I represent it to be.

DR. M. D. McLAUGHLIN, 130 Yonge Street, Toronto.



TERMS

Subscription rates: \$1.25 per year; \$1.00 if paid in advance

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

First insertion, per line 10 cents. Each subsequent insertion, per line 5 cents. This rate does not include Legal or Foreign advertisements.

Murkar & Thexton, Proprietors

Our Politics—Strict Independence. Our Aim—A First-class Local Paper. Our Expectations—The hearty support of the people of Pickering and vicinity.

FRIDAY, MAR. 28 1902.

NOTES AND COMMENTS.

The business of the Local Legislature being concluded, we will now be entering upon the excitement of an election campaign. Both parties are now getting their guns ready for the fray, and clouds of smoke will ere long be seen rising in all directions.

We have again approached another Easter season, a season in which we commemorate the greatest event in history, the Death and Resurrection of our Saviour.

wealth, have had during the past year an abundant harvest and prices were never more satisfactory than what they have been during that period. The history of the agricultural class is the history, of the manufacturer, the miner, the lumberman, the merchant and the laborer.

Real Estate

FRIDAY, MARCH 28th, 1902—Annual Combination sale, at Hubbard's Hotel, Brougham. Sale at one. Watch for bills. Poucher & Postill, Auctioneers.

COW FOR SALE—Due in June. Good cow and 1/2 cow. The undersigned has for sale a fresh milk cow. Apply to F. Roach, Cherrywood, to 30, con 2. 23

FOR SALE—A heavy draught filly registered, bay color rising three yrs old, weight 1500 lbs. David Russell, Claremont 23 25

FARM TO RENT—50 acres of land being north east half of lot 15, con 4, Pickering. For particulars apply to John McIntosh, Port Union. 23 25

WANTED AT ONCE—A good general servant. Apply to Mrs J A Brown, Byron St north Whitley. 23 24

SINGLE MAN WANTED—To assist with stock and milking. Good wages and steady place for good man. F L Green, Greenwood. 23 24

WANTED—A good general servant, one able to do plain cooking, good wages. Apply at once to James Torrance, Wellington Hotel, Markham. 23 24

HOUSES AND LOTS FOR SALE or to Rent. The undersigned has to rent, house and lot in Dunbarton, lot contains 7 acres, with good orchard of all kinds of fruit.

FOR SALE

Desirable building lot formerly owned by Paul Lawrence, in the Village of Claremont containing three and a half acres, being part of lot 19, in the 9th con. Pickering. To be sold cheap. For full description and particulars apply to Sharpe & Noble, Sole for Vendor, Uxbridge, Ont. 23 25

IMPERIAL RESTAURANT AND Boarding House—W. Baston, late of Uxbridge, has opened out a first-class dining room and lodging house at 174 King St. East, Toronto. Meals and good beds, 10 and 15 cents each. Give me a call, 5 doors east of Clyde Hotel, corner of King and George St, Toronto. Wm Baston, proprietor. 22-24

Fall & Winter Clothing

Underwear, Blankets, Flannels, Etc.

We have just placed in stock a large assortment of Boots and Shoes and claim they are the best value we have ever offered.

John Parker, Dunbarton.

EGGS WANTED

Our waggons call at farm houses anywhere in Pickering Township for eggs. And We Pay The Highest Price. If you want us to call at your place, drop us a card.

Ontario Poultry Produce Co. 17 Carlaw Ave. Toronto.

SEED GRAIN FOR SALE—The undersigned has for sale a large quantity of seed grain, wheat, oats and barley. John Percy, lot 13, con 3, Pickering or Brock Road P O 23-25

FARM TO RENT—On or shares one hundred acres, south half lot 9, con 4, Pickering, plowing all done. Apply to J C Baham, 14xbridge, or to H T Love, next farm west. 23-24

STRAYED—To the premises of the undersigned 1 yearling heifer, owner can have the same by proving property and paying expenses and taking away. W F B Jones 23 24

CATTLE FOR SALE—I have at my premises for sale 70 head of cattle composed of milk cows, feeding heifers, steers and yearlings which the farmers have just returned after feeding them for me since last fall. Will sell for cash or time. Home Mondays and Saturdays. Write or apply to J A White, Brougham Ont. 23-24

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—A first-class farm, being lots 7 and 8, con 2 Scarborough, consisting of 100 acres in a good state of cultivation, situated 1 1/2 miles north of Highland Creek P.O. A good orchard and a large quantity of small fruit, good outbuildings, frame house and plenty of water. Would be sold at a sacrifice. Apply to Wm Treadway, Highland Creek, or H Reeve, M O Dept Toronto. 19 24

QUARTERED BEEF

Any parties wishing a nice quarter of beef, may obtain same at a reasonable price

Something Choice

Robt. Carson, Butcher, Dunbarton

Liberal Conservative Association.

South -:- Ontario.

The annual meeting of the above Association will be held at the Masonic Hall, Brookline, on Tuesday, April 1st, 1902 at two o'clock p.m. for election of officers and general organization.

Public Notice

re Vaccination

Municipality of the Township of Pickering Public notice is hereby given that on account of the prevalence of small pox in this province and the existence of a case in an adjoining municipality, the local board of health has thought it necessary to make arrangements for a general vaccination.

Dated at Brougham, March 7th 1902. Thos. Poucher, Chairman. 23 24 D. E. Beaton, Secretary.

Canadian Pacific

Settlers One-Way Excursions

To Manitoba and Canadian North-west will leave Toronto every TUESDAY during MARCH and APRIL, 1902.

For full particulars and copy of "Settlers' Guide," apply to your nearest Canadian Pacific Agent.

A. H. Notman, Asst. Genl. Pass. Agt. 1 King street East, Toronto

At the Green River STORE!

You will find a large and beautiful stock of the latest patterns in wall paper. These goods have bought below regular cost. I can supply your needs 25 per cent. less than regular prices.

W. A. FULLER.

We Think

Dunbar's

Canned Vegetables

Are a little better than you have been getting

Better Flavour -:- Choicer Varieties

Canned Corn, Canned Peas, Canned Tomatoes, Canned Beans

Easy to Try for yourself.

Specials! For next week....

See our fine stock of new Wall Papers. Come here and make sure of getting a good Broom, Scrub, Stove, Paint or White wash brush for the housecleaning. Also fine new mixed paints.

Specials for Friday, April 4th

A clear up of odd pieces mens wool underwear. 1 lot worth up to 60c to clear all one price 25c. 1 lot worth up to \$1.00, to clear, all one price, 38c. 20 prs towels 9c pair. About 25 prs assorted good linen, duck and fine damask, all one price 18c. 30 lbs yellow Sugar \$1.00. 25 lbs very light sugar for \$1.00. 24 lbs best Granulated sugar for \$1.00. MUST BE CASH OR PRODUCE.

THOS. BEARE, General Merchant, Whitevale.

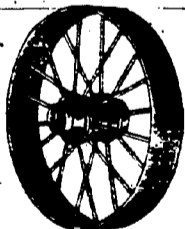
Wheels in your head!

But the better place to have them is on

Your old Wagon

gear, converting it into a most useful truck.

Wrought Iron wheels, wide tires, made to fit any sized skeln. No setting of tires. Will last a life time.



Geo. Philip, Brougham.

The Farmers' Drug Store

Where you save from 10 to 25 per cent. We carry a splendid stock, and you can always depend on getting what you ask for, and at lowest out-rate prices. We want you for a customer. Give us a trial and you will save money!

- Thomas' Electric Oil, 2 bottles for 25c. Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, 25c. Parmele's Ayer's and Burdock Pills 15c. Pierce's Favorite Prescription 65c. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral 20 40 and 65c. Chase's Syrup of Limesed & Turpentine 15c. Ozone, small 35c, large 65c. Butter Color 18c. Eczema Ointment 35c. Chase's Ointment 40c. Beef Iron & Wine pure 50c. Melline and Cod Liver Oil 75c. Scott's Emulsion small 35c large 65c. Perfect Emulsion, large bottle, 25c. Castoria, 25c. Perfect Worm Syrup 25c. Butter Color, W & R 15c. Syrup White Pine and Tar, 4 oz bottle 25c. David's Cough Balsam 25 and 50. Epsom Salts 2c lb, 10 lbs for 25c. Sulphur 3c lb, 10 lbs for 25c. Pure Powdered, Gentian, Ginger, Aniseed, Foenfreek, Rosin, Iron, Elecampane, Licorice, Saltpetre, Antimony etc for condition powders. Pages Egg Producer 35c. Hess's Poultry Panacea 30c. Little's Sheep Dip. Cooper's Sheep Dip. Seal Oil for Lice on Cattle Powder. Kendall's Spavin Cure 75c. Dutch Drops 5c; Vaseline 5c bottle. Ayer's Hair Vigor 65c. Mustang Heave Remedy 25c. Gillette's Lye 10c, 3 in for 25c.

Wholesale and Retail Druggists: C. D. Daniel & Co. 171 King St East, TORONTO. Opp. Clyde Hotel

**CLAREMONT.**

There are rumors afloat of a wedding to the west of us.

Miss Emma Brodie is visiting Markham friends this week.

Charles White is moving on to the Miller farm south of here.

Miss Maggie Macnab is spending the Easter holidays in the city.

Miss Osterhaus, of Myrtle, is the guest of Mrs Frank Spofford this week.

F Spofford has returned from his elevators at Myrtle for the summer.

E B and Mrs Bell, of Uby, Mich. are visiting with Warden and Mrs Gerow.

Wm Mackay is first man to be seen sowing grain in this district this spring.

Miss Maggie and Annie Cowan, of Markham spent Sunday with friends here.

Mrs T B Hughes, of North Claremont, is spending a few days with city friends.

Mr Storey, of Balsam, has moved into the Wm Michell house just south of the village.

Wm Vanstone shipped two carloads of cattle for the English markets from here on Monday.

Judson Bundy has bought a building at Glasgow, and is moving the same to the village.

The Methodist church here is being kalsomined which will greatly improve its appearance.

Four carloads of cattle, hogs and sheep were shipped from here on Wednesday by a Peterboro firm.

Frank Michell, of Toronto, is visiting with his sister, Mrs Lyman Pikey for a few days at present.

Miss F Hutchison and Miss Wetherald spent a few days with the former's parents here last week.

Miss Ada Mine, of the 4th concession of Uxbridge, is spending a few days with her aunt, Mrs Forgie.

The entertainment given on Tuesday evening for village improvements was not very largely attended.

Lyman J Pikey's sale on Tuesday was an entire success, good prices being realized on everything being sold.

Mrs W J Graham and Miss Effie, and Mrs Adam Spears are spending the Easter vacation with Mrs Hyned, of Myrtle.

Graham Bros shipped a heavy draught mare and horse to British Columbia. These are the animals, which took first prize and sweepstakes at the Pan-American.

Married—At the residence of the bride's father, on Wednesday March 24th, by Rev W. H. Adams, John, son of Thomas Graham, to Jane, daughter of George Jones, all of Claremont.

Misses Kate and Florence Eastwood spent a couple of days this week with their uncle, Robt Mine of the 6th con.

Miss Florence will spend her Easter vacation with her grandparents at Whitby.

The members of the Claremont Home Circle are hereby requested to pay their assessments for the month of March to Joshua Bundy on account of the absence of P. R. Hupper who has left the books with the former.

Chas Middleton who has been confined to his bed for the past three weeks, we are pleased to state is able to be up again.

and we hope to see him around our streets as usual in the near future. His daughter Mrs Bowes is also much improved in health and is able to be about again.

A large number of our residents went to Goodwood on Sunday to attend the funeral of Miss Clara Flumerfelt of that place, and sister of Mason Flumerfelt principal of our public school. The bereaved relatives have the sympathy of the whole community in their hour of sorrow.

A number from here attended the farewell tendered to John Balsdon and family of Balsam, who are leaving for Markham to reside. Mr. Balsdon and family will be greatly missed by the people of this district, as they always took a prominent part in everything that tended to improve the social and moral welfare of the community.

(Letter to the Editor Continued.)

was all wrong, a useless expenditure of money and men's lives. In his quotation all may see John Bright speaks of a police force, not war, which our friend fails to perceive. Friends never did object to this. The duty of police is to protect, not to hurt, and they themselves are amenable to civil law. They neither judge by nor execute the law, but simply bring the offender to be tried in the court of justice by his peers, a right of citizenship, secured to us by Magna Charta. On the other hand the soldier slays, nor does he believe the man he kills did wrong; he slays because the rulers of the land deem the others enemies. Were there no police on the highways there would be pirates there, as there are highwaymen on land. And in his use of the word "justified" John Bright appeals not to his own christian standpoint which condemned all war, but to the citizens of Edinburgh and their judgment. I remember those days well. The mass of the British people sympathized with the North, and hoped to see slavery abolished. Patiently the people of S. Lancashire, who depended wholly on the cotton trade, bore hunger as mill after mill ceased its busy hum for the lack of material. John Bright was in that very speech advocating peace and a police force, like revenue cutters, in place of fleets, and then to say that he there intended to justify war, and warlike means is as much as saying John Bright said the opposite to what he meant. But British people know better than that.

His caricature of a "dissembling Quaker" as met by a robber, goes for what it is worth. It is not even true to life and is a mere invention, if not a mocking slander on the Friend. For true Friends never do carry firearms, as anyone may see who will read of Friends in the Irish Rebellion, or of our Pennsylvania Friends settled amongst the Indians. With their life is sacred, and whoever carries a pistol in his pocket carries intent to murder in his heart; for pistols are made purposely to shoot men. Incomparably better to trust ourselves and our all to his care and keeping who permits not a sparrow to fall to the ground without his notice.

In his summary he gratuitously reviews the internal state of Friends. We see our discipline as slack as he would have it to be there would be far more reason for the complaint for he advocates liberalism not liberty. In the second of his "views" he says, "Many errors have crept into their state."

Now friend Mack, we, above all men, strive to get out of error into truth and righteousness. We should be disobeying Christ's command "Be ye perfect" if we were not striving to be so; but we do not deem we are all perfect by any means, and it may be there are some errors amongst us. It would be a kindness on his part were he to point them out that we may rectify them; but if they are suppositions ones, such as he already has charged us with, which I claim do not exist, though friend Mack seems to think they should be found among us, and blames us because we do not throw a cloak of charity over them; in that case I fear we shall fail to fall in with his propositions. Nor is it the christian made to notice abroad the "faults" found in others, till first we have dealt privately and personally with the offender.

I have already "retuted" his third view, that there come times "when a defensive warfare seems at the time to all men justifiable." There never is a war but that both combatants claim to be acting on the defensive, so whoever justifies defensive war, justifies all war. But Friends do not justify defensive warfare nor did they ever. Are Friends then not among his "all men"? It would be more truthful for him to say "the majority of men" not "all men."

In conclusion, I trust friend Mack's laudable and higher aspirations may at some future day be fully realized, but I also hope he will ensure success, by becoming a fuller man by reading true histories, a more close observer of the distinctions in the views of men, a more logical reasoner, endeavoring not to distort but to candidly state the views of other men; and if his aim be high, invariably to advocate the right and decry the wrong, and if he studiously follow this course he cannot but improve, and in time become what I believe he hopes to be, an able journalist like Whittier, always in the vanguard of the right.

Now my dear Editor, it is I confess easy for a ready writer to make loud discourses, the only trouble being the hand cannot run as fast as the thoughts flow, but I know the labor is thine. We have trespassed long on thy patience. Were I rich I would reward thee more. As it is I tender thee my sincere thanks as friend Mack has done and it may be some of thy readers may remember thee too, in a more substantial manner, when the king grows sleek in the fat meadows, the rich gardens grow more than the poorer can use, and orchards teem with luscious fruits in this happy peaceful Canada of ours. In summer she dresses in beauty, in winter she puts on her spotted, bird's dress as "the Lady of the Snows"

**OUR LINES ARE**

Picture Frames, Window Shades,  
Cornice Poles, Furniture.

Special attention given to Undertaking.

Funeral Cards printed on short notice

**J. H. BEAL.**

**Tell him-NO**

You will have

**Dowswell**

To do your Tinsmithing and Eavetroughing, CLAREMONT.

Buy the Old Reliable

**Gerow Pump!**

Manufactured at Claremont

Pumps of Every Description constantly on hand.

John Gerow, Successor to Gerow & Son, Claremont.

W. V. Richardson, Agent, Pickering.

**Executors Sale**

OF

Real Estate in Brougham.

The undersigned auctioneer has received instructions from Messrs George Young and William Cowie surviving executors of the Will of Crisp Young deceased to offer for sale by public auction at Hubbard's Hotel, Brougham, on Saturday, April 9th, 1906, at 1 o'clock p.m. the following real estate, namely—Village Lots 25 and 26 according to a registered plan of the Village of Brougham made by John Shier, P. L. S. and 9 acres more or less of the rear part of lot No 18 in the 5th concession of the Township of Pickering, adjoining said Village lots and fully described in a Deed of Conveyance from Samuel B. Webb to the said Crisp Young. On the premises there are a one and a half storey roughcast dwelling house, with good cellar, good frame barn, driving house, about 30 good apple trees, all in first class condition. The property is suitably situated at the Village of Brougham, close to church, school and post-office.

Terms of Sale.—The sale will be subject to a reserved bid, ten per cent of the purchase money to be paid on the day of sale and the balance within thirty days thereafter. Possession on completion of purchase.

Further terms and conditions will be made known on the day of sale or may be had on application to George Young or William Cowie, executors at Brougham, the Vendors Solicitors or the auctioneer.

Dated March 10th 1906. Thos. Poucher, Auctioneer  
Dow & McGillivray, Brock St. Whitby, Vendors Solicitors.

**SEPARATOR REMODDLEING**

A Specialty

Testimonials on application. Working model in the shop.

Hy. W. White, Claremont.

**Plow Points!**

All sizes and descriptions. Full stock continually on hand.

**R. MOORE,** Pickering.

**WATCH Repairing,**

**JEWELRY Repairing,**

**GENERAL Repairing,**

Done promptly and guaranteed to be satisfactory or no charge made.

When buying or selling

**Alsike**

**Red Clover**

**Richardson & Co's.,** Successors to J. S. Barnard.

**WHITBY.**

**CHRISTMAS MEATS.**

Turkeys  
Geese  
Chickens  
Ducks, Oysters, and all other A 1 fresh meats constantly on hand at lowest prices.

**M. BURROUGHS,** King's old stand Pickering Village

Grain

Coal

(See

**J. H. Downey & Co.,** Whitby, Ont.

**THE Farmers' Hardware House**

**LEADER CHURNS**

Slightly named because they lead in up to date construction, easy operation and quick churning. If you are going to buy a churn, buy the "Leader" from us at these specially low prices—No. 1, \$3.75. No. 2, \$4.00. No. 3, \$4.50. Remember these specially low prices.

**Manure Forks, 45 cents.** We will sell 50 only manure forks, 45 cents each. exactly same as sample for FORTY-FIVE CENTS EACH. Don't delay if you want one.

**One Cent**

a pound for a line of Grind-stones which you will allow are a decided bargain at the price. If you need a Grind-stone come and see our values.

**A Wire Clothes Line** will not rust, rot, stretch or break. 5-ply, rust proof, 60 feet long, for **FIFTEEN CENTS**

**Neckyokes and Whiffletrees.** Choice selected hickory, ironed and un-ironed, at prices that will suit you.

**GAME TRAPS, 40¢ each.** We have a full range of sizes with and without chains. Prices range from 10¢ each upwards.

**POCKET KNIVES.** A good two-bladed, genuine Joseph Rodgers & Sons' jack knife for 6¢. A splendid selection of pocket knives to choose from.

**POULTRY NETTING**

We are headquarters for Poultry Netting, whether your wants be for one yard or one thousand yards, you'll find our prices the **LOWEST**

**FOOD CUTTERS at 98¢.** The Carver's Food Cutter shaves anything in the line of food. Meats raw or boiled, bread, biscuits, vegetables, etc. It's invaluable to the careful housewife. In order to place one in the home of every one of our customers we are going to give away our profit and sell them at **NINETY-EIGHT CENTS** each. Regular \$1.25 value.

**Be Your Own Tinsmith for TEN CENTS.**

An outfit consisting of a soldering iron, solder, resin, patching tin and full instructions for use, put up in a neat box. We sell the outfit at **TEN CENTS**.

**FILES. FILES.**

A most complete range of files for any and all purposes. You'll save money by buying files from us.

**Cattle Chains 10¢ each less**

100 only Cattle Chains, a regular 50¢ item. We are clearing at **FIFTEEN CENTS** each.

**BUILDING NEEDS.** If you are going to build a house or barn this spring, before your list is made, we have a list of goods and lowest prices will secure your order we'll all it.

**BUTCHER KNIVES.** The best known makers goods—Joseph Rodgers & Sons, Joseph Allen & Sons, Ashham's, Sheffield's first makers, ranging in price from **TWENTY-FIVE CENTS** each upwards.

**CURRY COMBS**

A serviceable stamped steel Curry Comb, sold through the country.

**Horse Brushes**

Extra value in Gandy Brushes at 15¢, 25¢ and 50¢ each.

**Tarred Building Paper.** for lining houses, sheds, poultry houses. Windproof and waterproof. 400 square feet in a roll and we sell it for **FORTY-FIVE CENTS** a roll.

**RUSSILL'S AT THE MARKET**

159 King St. East - TORONTO.

# THE MARKETS

## Prices of Grain, Cattle, etc in Trade Centres

Toronto, March 25.—Wheat.—No. 1 Manitoba hard offered at 86c on route, North Bay; No. 1 Northern offered at 82c on route, North Bay, with 82c bid; No. 2 Northern at 78c on route N.B., with 77c bid. Ontario, No. 2 red winter, 70c bid, middle freight, without offerings. No. 2 white offered at 73c east on G.T.R., without bids. No. 1 spring, 72c bid east on G. T. R. without offers. No. 2 spring offered at 73c G.T.R., without bids. No. 2 goose offered at 67c middle freight on C.P.R., without bids. Barley.—No. 3 offered at 50c outside, without bids.

Poas.—No. 2 offered at 81c high freight Pacific, without bids.

Oats.—No. 2 white offered at 42c in buyers' sacks, low freight to New York, with 42c bid, and one car sold at 42c. No. 2 offered at 41c, low freight to N. Y., now shipped with 40c bid. Two cars of No. 3 white sold at 40c on a 14c rate to New York; five cars then offered at 40c on 14c rate. A bid of 43c on truck here, was made for No. 3 white.

Corn.—No. 2 yellow offered at 57c outside, with 57c bid. No. 2 mixed offered at 57c outside, with 56c bid. Rye.—No. 2 offered at 56c on G. T. R., middle freight, now shipped, without bids.

### COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Dried Apples—The market is quiet, with small lots jobbing at 6c; round lots bring 5c per lb. Evaporated, 10 to 10 1/2c.

Hops—Business quiet, with prices steady at 13c yearlings at 8c.

Honey—The market is steady at 10 to 10c for strained. Combs, 15 to 25 per dozen.

Maple Syrup—One gallon tins, 95c to \$1; small packages, \$1.05 to \$1.15 per gallon (imperial). Sugar, 9 to 10c per lb., as to quality.

Beans—The market is quiet. Prices \$1.10 to \$1.30 per bush as to quality. Hand-picked, \$1.35 to \$1.40.

Cranberries—Market unchanged with stocks small. Cape Cod, \$9.50 to \$10 per barrel.

Onions—Market steady at \$2.50 to \$3 per barrel.

Hay baled—The market is firm, with good demand. Timothy quoted at \$10.50 to \$11 on truck, Toronto, for No. 1 and at \$9 to \$9.25 for No. 2.

Straw—The market is quiet. Car lots on truck quoted at \$3.75 to \$6 the latter for No. 1.

Poultry—Offerings limited, and prices firm. We quote—Fresh killed turkeys, 12 1/2 to 14c per lb., chickens, 7c to 8c.

Potatoes—In car lots on truck, 62 to 67c per bag, according to quality. Small lots, out of store, bring 75c per bag.

### THE DAIRY MARKETS.

Butter—There is a fair trade, with receipts of choice qualities still small. We quote as follows—Choice, 1-10 prints, 19 to 20c; choice large rolls, 17 to 17 1/2c; secondary grades, in rolls, 15 to 16c; low grades, 12 to 13c; creamery prints, 22 to 23c; do. solids, 21 to 22c.

Eggs—The market firm, with sales at 13 1/2 to 14c per dozen in case lots.

Cheese—The market rules firm at 11 to 11 1/2c per lb., the latter for choice Swedes.

### HOGS AND PROVISIONS

Dressed hogs are nominal, with few offerings, and little demand for carloads. Hog products in fair demand and steady. We quote—Bacon, long clear, 10 to 10 1/2c; in 50 and case lots. Mess pork, \$19.50 to \$20; do. short cut, \$21.50.

Smoked Cuts—Hams, 12 1/2 to 13c; breakfast bacon, 13 1/2 to 14c; rolls, 11c; backs, 13 1/2 to 14c, and shoulders, 10 1/2c.

Lard—The market is unchanged. We quote—Tierces, 11c; tubs, 11 1/2c; pails, 11 1/2 to 11 3/4c; compound, 9 to 9 1/2c.

### UNITED STATES MARKETS.

Buffalo, March 25.—Flour—Quiet and easy. Wheat—Spring active; No. 1 Northern spot, 78c; No. 2 red, 85c; Corn—Weak; No. 2 yellow, 65c; No. 3 do., 63c; No. 2 corn, 65c; No. 3 do., 64c. Oats—Steady; No. 2 white, 50c; No. 3 do., 49c; No. 2 mixed, 47 1/2 to 47c; No. 3 do., 46 1/2 to 47c. Barley—Spot, 68c; Rye, 74c.

Minneapolis, March 25.—Wheat closed—May 71c; July, 72c; on track, No. 1 hard, 74c; No. 1 Northern, 72 1/2 to 73c; No. 2 Northern, 70c. Flour—First patents, \$3.80 to \$3.90; second patents, \$3.70 to \$3.80; first clears, \$2.50 to \$2.55; second clears, \$2.20 to \$2.25. Bran—in bulk, lower, \$13.

Detroit, March 25.—Wheat—Closed 71c; white cash, 83c; No. 2 red cash, May, 82c; July, 78c.

St. Louis, March 25.—Closed—Wheat—Cash, 81c; July, 80c; September, 73c.

### LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Toronto, March 25.—At the Western cattle yards to-day the receipts were 56 carloads of live stock, including 1,000 cattle, 1,000 hogs, 100 sheep and lambs, 30 calves, 16 milch cows, and 21 spring lambs. The quotations for loads of good to choice butcher cattle were from 4 1/2 to 4 3/4c per pound, with from an eighth to a quarter more paid occasionally for extra prime lots.

Good feeders are worth from 4 to 4 1/2c per pound, with a fraction more for choice stuff. Both feeders and stockers are in fair request.

Following is the range of quotations:

Cattle.	
Shippers, per cwt.	\$4.50
Do., light	4.25
Butcher, choice	4.50
Butcher, ord. to good	3.50
Butcher, inferior	3.00
Stockers, per cwt.	3.00
Sheep and Lambs.	
Choice ewes, per cwt.	3.50
Yearlings, per cwt.	4.50
Spring lambs, each	3.50
Bucks	2.50
Milkers and Calves.	
Cows, each	25.00
Calves, each	2.00
Hogs.	
Choose hogs, per cwt.	5.75
Light hogs, per cwt.	5.50
Heavy hogs, per cwt.	5.50
Sows, per cwt.	3.50
Stags, per cwt.	0.00

### BOER PEACE OVERTURES.

Acting President Comes in Under Flag of Truce.

A Pretoria despatch says:—Messrs. Schalkburger, who is acting as president of the Transvaal in the absence of Mr. Kruger, in Europe, Secretary of State Reitz, and Commandants Lucas Meyer and Krogh, arrived here on Saturday morning from Balmoral. Only a few persons knew of the arrival of these important members of the Boer Government. The railway station was kept clear until they had left. They were driven to the chief's house and had an interview with General Kitchener. In the afternoon they left on a special train for the Orange River Colony.

### HAD BEEN GREATLY HARRIED

According to the Pretoria correspondent of the London Standard the Boer delegates arrived at Pretoria at 2 1/2 p.m. and left about five o'clock. As some of the despatches do not mention their having interviewed General Kitchener, there is a certain amount of doubt whether they actually did so. One editorial suggests that probably General Kitchener was not in Pretoria, or the stay of the delegates would not have been so short.

The correspondent says that the Boer delegates after interviewing General Kitchener, left for Kroonstad, from which place they will go out under a safe conduct. All of the delegates are looking well, showing clear evidence of the healthiness of life on the veldt. The correspondent adds that Schalkburger and the other delegates have been stationed at Bheestekop, north of Balmoral for a week. They have been greatly harried by Col. Park and other British commanders. Once Schalkburger had a narrow escape from being captured. The Boer position being increasingly hopeless, despatch riders were sent to Balmoral Friday night to inform the British there of the coming of the delegates.

### Ogilvy Mills Sold.

Negotiations for Deal Are Now Completed.

A Montreal despatch says:—Negotiations have been completed for the sale of the Ogilvy Milling Co. to Messrs. Charles R. Hosmer, of Montreal, and F. W. Thompson, of Winnipeg. The latter is at present the general manager of the company. The company, which is the largest in Canada, was founded by the late W. W. Ogilvy, of Montreal, who on his death succeeded in his interests by his sons. The deal is understood to involve between three and four million dollars.

It is understood that the company will be reorganized, changed slightly in name, and carried on under entirely new auspices. Mr. F. W. Thompson, who has been the leading spirit in the company since the death of Mr. Ogilvy, a couple of years ago, has been in Montreal for several weeks, carrying on the negotiations.

In 1801 by the operation of a small mill by the father of W. W. and A. W. Ogilvy, who later joined the firm, and the business has grown steadily, until the company, besides the Royal Mills and City Mills at Montreal, has extensive mills at Goderich, Seaford, and at Winnipeg.

### HORSES FOR SOUTH AFRICA

Colonel Dent Still Shipping as Many as He Can Get.

Nine thousand one hundred and eleven horses have been shipped from Canada to South Africa for the use of the British army by Col. Dent since he was sent out on this mission in 1901. Last month 761 were shipped and Col. Dent says that he expected to ship 800 more early in April. His orders are still, as at first, to ship all the suitable horses he can get.

### SITUATION NEVER BETTER.

Delarey's Recent Successes Were Unimportant.

The correspondent of the London Daily Mail writes:—Although I am unable to give, for obvious reasons, exact details regarding the present operations of the troops in the field, I am glad to say that the situation is now more hopeful than it ever was before.

"With a thoroughness and zeal which is most admirable, the columns operating north-east of the Orange River are systematically clearing the country of the strongest centres of Boer resistance."

"Such operations, however, require an enormous number of troops, and it is a tribute to Lord Kitchener's strength that, in spite of General Delarey's recent successes, the columns operating against General De Wet have not been weakened by a single man."

"It must be remembered that in conducting a war within so vast an area the number of troops has never been sufficient, a fact which few people at home realize. An army of a million men would not be excessive. Nor must the fact be lost sight of that our recent successes in Orange Colony, while owing much to the dash, zeal, and wisdom of the driving columns, are the result of long, hard, and patient work, which has now been strikingly rewarded. The capture of guns by General Delarey is unimportant at this stage of the war. The Boers seldom find use for captured guns—witness General De Wet's captures at Zwerfontein, General Botha's at Brakenlaage, and the seizures near the Bloemfontein water works last September. A battery of guns would be less useful to the Boer than a few thousand rounds of ammunition."

"The heavy rains which have recently fallen indicate an early and severe winter, which is always a factor, and local farmers say that the veldt fires, which will destroy the only available Boer forage, must, owing to the present condition of the veldt, be severe."

### TRAVEL UNDER PRIVATION.

Passenger Had to Go Without Food and Fire.

A St. Paul, Minn. despatch says:—Three hundred Great Northern passengers from points west of the eastern Montana line, twenty tons of mail matter, and car after car of baggage all snow bound for a week, reached St. Paul on Friday night. The first section of the through train pulled in late in the evening, breaking a blockade that had lasted 150 hours.

Passengers told stories of frontier privations. They were on the first eastbound overland train snow-bound and were caught at Stanley, N. D., a station which consists of a side track and a cattle yard.

From Thursday night until Monday morning, the passengers were hardly able to leave the train. A blizzard raged, and no food was to be had except the limited quantity on the dining car. The coal in the day coaches gave out on Sunday.

Two brakemen took empty mail pouches and going forward over the drifts filled them with coal from the tender of the engine. They returned with a supply of fuel after a hard night against the storm, in which both were badly frostbitten. The snow-plows reached the train on Monday, and it was sent west to Williston where local accommodations were available and food plenty.

### GETS ANONYMOUS LETTERS

British Consul at New Orleans Asks Protection.

A New Orleans, La., despatch says:—George Van Sittart, British Consul at New Orleans, who declares his life and property are in danger from the Boers and Boer sympathizers in the city, and has appealed to the Mayor and police for protection.

Anonymous letters have grown much more numerous and threatening of late, and that dangerous and suspicious men constantly stand around his Consular office, as well as his house, contemplating, he believes, an attack on him.

Chief of Police Jounce has promised to investigate, and if there are any good grounds for Mr. Van Sittart's fear the request for protection will be granted. Police protection has been recently granted the British male stations here, at the request of the British officers and Secretary of State Hay.

### AN IRISH RESOLUTION.

Board of Guardians Congratulate Kruger.

A London despatch says:—The feeling in Ireland is well illustrated by a resolution now on its way to Mr. Kruger, "care of Queen Wilhelmina," adopted on Wednesday by the Edenderry (King's County) guardians, an elective body, as follows:—

"We desire to record our admiration of the magnificent stand the brave South African Republics have made against the colossal might of the British Empire, and to congratulate the humane Boer leader, Delarey, on his recent great victory, which not only covers England with disgrace and ridicule, a result entirely gratifying to the rest of the civilized world, but which must have a chastening effect on the tongues of the greatest helot empire the world has ever seen."

### LEARNING HOW TO FARM.

Students at Guelph From All Corners of the Earth.

The annual report of the Ontario Agricultural College at Guelph has just been issued, and shows that 281 students were registered for the general course last year, 80 in the dairy course and 22 in the special-ists' course. For the three short courses, stock judging, poultry raising, and domestic science, 344 additional students were registered. The average age was twenty years, and the gamut ran from 16 to 35 years. In the general course 222 students come from the Province of Ontario (43 counties being represented), 27 from the other provinces of the Dominion, 7 from England, 3 from Jamaica, 4 from the United States, 14 from the Argentine Republic, one each from Asia Minor, Scotland, Mauritius, and Sweden.

Eighty of the Ontario students on the roll in 1901 were sent to the college as nominees of County Councils, which, under the Act, have the right to send to the college, free of tuition fees, one nominee each year.

### AFRICAN MEAT SUPPLY.

Great Scarcity Expected in the Future.

The London Standard's Pretoria correspondent, reviewing the prospects in South Africa, says the question of the re-stocking of the new colonies is a very serious one. The South African Cold-storage agents killed for the use of the troops between July, 1900, and June, 1901, no fewer than 134,000 cattle and 514,000 sheep. No figures are given for the previous nine nor for the last seven months, nor any record for Natal. The loss in cattle to South Africa through the war cannot, however, have been less than 250,000, and of sheep over a million. Breeding cattle were at one time killed by the thousand, so that oxen might be saved for transport purposes. For many years to come South Africa will be almost wholly dependent upon cold-storage for its meat supplies.

### THE IRONY OF FATE.

Methuen Was on His Last 'Convoy' Trek When Captured.

A London despatch says:—The "convoy" trek, during which Lord Methuen was captured, was practically, if not actually, the last which his lordship intended to make. After over two years' hard work of travelling up and down the country, his lordship was intending to take up permanent headquarters, and from there direct, under Lord Kitchener's supreme command, the operations of the columns in his district. Besides, he was of the mind that the convoys which he was accompanying were becoming too small to justify the employment of an officer of his rank.

### OLD-AGE PENSIONS.

Reading of Bill in British House of Commons.

A London despatch says:—The House of Commons to-day presented the second reading of the Aged Pensioners' Bill granting deserving poor persons a pension of from five to seven shillings weekly, at the age of 65. It is estimated that the sum of £10,000,000 will be required annually to pay the pensions, the national exchequer and the local authorities each providing half the amount required.

As the Government at this session declared it could not provide its share, the scheme is not likely to become effective.

### TO OUTFIT RURAL CORPS.

Modern Rifles and Equipment to be Issued.

An Ottawa despatch says:—It is notified that Lee-Enfield rifles and Oliver equipment will be issued, upon requisition, to rural regiments, provided district officers commanding certify that all the officers commanding companies have suitable armories at company headquarters in which to store them, and that the efficiency of all the companies is such as to ensure their being properly cared for.

This certificate is to be appended to all requisitions in the handwriting of the commanding officer.

### DUFFERIN LEFT £108,548.

Will of Former Governor-General of Canada.

A London despatch says:—The will of the late Marquis of Dufferin, who died February 12 last, was pronounced on Wednesday. The estate is valued at £108,548.

### \$20,000 FOR M'GILL.

Sir W. Macdonald Adds to His Many Gifts.

A Montreal despatch says:—Sir Wm. Macdonald has added to his many gifts to McGill University by giving \$20,000 toward the library fund of the university, which will now be largely increased.

# NEWS ITEMS

## Telegraphic Briefs From All Over the Globe.

### CANADA.

Stratford Board of Trade has been reorganized.

An American plough firm may establish a big factory at Paris, Ont. The Corn Exchange is opposed to having a bar in the new Montreal Board of Trade.

Fire destroyed the C.P.R. freight sheds at Winnipeg and a large consignment of goods.

Miss Mary E. Jackson, a Brockville nurse, took poison in mistake for medicine with fatal effects.

Mrs. Wm. Hendrie has offered to build a nurses' home at the Hamilton Hospital, at a cost of \$8,000.

Mr. George Whitman of Winnipeg a visitor at the residence of Mr. John McMillan, Hamilton, is ill with smallpox.

The C.P.R. has given an order to the Hochelaga shops for 20 first class cars and 1,000 additional box cars and six sleepers.

Rev. Father Walsh, who struck a couple of young ladies in Stratford with a cane, was fined \$10 and costs in the Police Court.

The Manitoba Government will again increase the price of that Province's lands another half dollar an acre the first of April.

F. H. Clergue, says that his rolling mills, which begin work next month, have sufficient orders for the Canadian market to keep them busy to the end of the year.

The new Canadian Pacific shops at Hochelaga will probably comprise twelve or fourteen buildings, and the machine and boiler shop will be a quarter of a mile in length.

There are many more applications for admission to the King-ton Harry School than can be accepted, and though the attendance is now 113 it is necessary to provide still more accommodation.

Mr. Charles Jolly, residing on the mountain brow near Hamilton, fired a gun at a party of young men who were annoying him by their noise. Two of the young men were wounded, one in the face.

### GREAT BRITAIN.

Fiji has sent £250 towards the National Memorial to Queen Victoria.

Alien immigration and its evils are to be considered by a Royal Commission in London.

The Lairds of Birkenhead are now in the field to compete with Bellas and Clyde shipbuilders.

Lord Kelvin, the most famous scientist, will visit America shortly to observe electrical advance.

Thomas M. Smith, barrister, Chicago, was struck off the rolls for misappropriation of client's moneys.

English crime statistics show that convictions of persons who have had previous criminal records is increasing.

The newest and greatest orchid exhibition at the Royal Horticultural Society in London has been named Edward VII.

Bugler Dunne, who distinguished himself at the Battle of Colenso, is to leave the army. He is suffering from catarrh disease of the heart.

The Royal Geographical Society has voted the Royal medal to Brigadier-General Sir F. D. Lugard for his explorations in tropical Africa.

The Royal Humane Society has awarded the Stanhope medal for the best case of saving life during the year) to Commander A. C. Lowry, of the Royal Navy.

Baroness Rodney, London, has obtained a divorce from her husband, and Captain Kingscote got a divorce from his wife, who betrayed her guilt by talking in her sleep.

The great number of foreign princes and ambassadors who will be present at the coronation is putting the Court officials at their wits' end to find lodgings, and many offers of rooms from the best families are being thankfully accepted.

### UNITED STATES.

The insurance companies have paid \$4,011,000 on the \$6,000,000 fire at Paterson N.J.

A union stearn railroad station will be built at Washington, D.C., of white marble, costing \$5,000,000.

Grass-hoppers for the far western States this summer.

The United States is prepared to retaliate on Germany by excluding her wines and malt liquors from the country.

The U.S. War Department will send soldiers to the Danish West Indies to establish a garrison when the United States takes formal possession.

Li Sing, a Boston Chinaman, left his widow two million dollars or his death. His remains are being conveyed back to Canton, China via Montreal, Vancouver, and the Empress of India. Mrs. Li is accompanying them.

On Thursday a horse in Middleton, N.Y., kicked a dog with cannon-ball force against the leg of D. L. Black who was standing on the side of the street, and broke both bones in Black's leg, while the dog was in hurt.

# ENOUGH TO DISTURB US

## As far as Possible Let the Disagreeables of Life Drop.

(Entered according to Act of the Parliament of Canada, in the year One Thousand Nine Hundred and Two, by William Baily of Toronto, at the Department of Agriculture, Ottawa.)

A despatch from Washington says: Rev. Dr. Palmage preached from the following text:—Hebrews viii, 12, "Their sins and their iniquities will I remember no more."

The national flower of the Egyptians is the heliotrope, of the Assyrians is the water lily, of the Hindus is the marigold, of the Chinese is the chrysanthemum. We have no national flower, but there is hardly any flower more suggestive to many of us than the forget-me-not. We all like to be remembered, and one of our misfortunes is that there are so many things we cannot remember. Mnemonics, or the art of assisting memory, is an important art. It was first suggested by Simonides of Ceos 500 years before Christ. Persons who had but little power to recall events or put facts and dates and names in proper perspective have through this art had their memory reinforced to an almost incredible extent. A good memory is an invaluable possession. By all means cultivate it. I had an aged friend who, detained all night at a miserable depot waiting for a rail train fast in the snowbanks, entertained a group of some ten or fifteen clergymen, likewise detained on their way home from a meeting of presbytery, by first with a piece of chalk drawing on the black and sooty walls of the depot the characters of Walter Scott's "Marmion" and then reciting from memory the whole of the poem of some eighty pages in fine print. My old friend, through great age, lost his memory, and when I asked him if this story of the railroad depot was true he said, "I do not remember now, but it was just like me." "Let me see," said he to me. "Have I ever seen you before?" "Yes," I said, "you were my guest last night, and I was with you an hour ago." What an awful contrast in that man between the greatest memory I ever knew and no memory at all!

But right along with this art of recollection, which I cannot too highly eulogize, is one quite as important, and yet I never heard it applauded. I mean

### THE ART OF FORGETTING.

There is a splendid faculty in that direction that we all need to cultivate. We might through that process be ten times happier and more useful than we now are. We have been told that forgetfulness is a weakness and ought to be avoided by all possible means. So far from a weakness, my text ascribes it to God. It is the very top of omnipotence that God is able to obliterate a part of His own memory. If we repent of sin and rightly seek the divine forgiveness, the record of the misbehavior is not only crossed off the books but God actually lets it pass out of memory. "Their sins and their iniquities will I remember no more." To remember no more is to forget and you cannot make anything else out of it. God's power of forgetfulness is so great that if two men appeal to him and the one man, after a life all right, gets the sins of his heart pardoned and the other man, after a life of abomination, gets pardoned God remembers no more against one than against the other. The entire past of both the moralist, with his imperfections, and the prodigate, with his debaucheries, is as much obliterated in the one case as in the other. Forgotten forever and forever. "Their sins and their iniquities will I remember no more."

Imitate the Lord in my text and forget, wholly forget, sublimely forget. There is no happiness for you in any other plan of procedure. You see all around you in the church and out of the church dispositions acerbic, malign, cynical, pessimistic. Do you know how these men and women got that disposition? It was by the embalmment of things pantherine and viperous. They have spent much of their time in calling the roll of all the rats that have nibbled at their reputation. Their soul is a fage of vultures. Everything in them is soured or embittered. The milk of human kindness has been curdled. They do not believe in anybody or anything. If they see two people whispering, they think it is about themselves. If they see two people laughing, they think it is about themselves. Where there is one sweet plippin in the orchard there are fifty crabapples. They have never been able to forget. They do not want to forget.

### THEY NEVER WILL FORGET.

Their wretchedness is supreme, for no one can be happy if he carries perpetually in mind the mean things that have been done to him. On the other hand, you can find here and there a man or woman (for there are not many of them) whose disposition is genial and summery. Why? Have they always been treated well? Oh, no. Hard things have been said against them. They have been charged with officiousness, and their gentilities have been set down to a desire for display, and they have many a time been the subject of titillative, and they have had enough of assaults like gnats and enough

great attacks like lions to have made them perpetually miserable if they would have consented to be miserable. But they have had enough divine philosophy to cast off the annoyances and they have kept themselves in the sunlight of God's favor and have realized that these oppositions and hindrances are a part of a mighty discipline by which they are to be prepared for usefulness and heaven. The secret of it all is they have by the help of the Eternal God, learned how to forget.

Another practical thought: When our faults are repented of let them go out of mind. If God forgets them, we have a right to forget them. Having once repented of our infelicities and misdemeanors, there is no need of our repenting of them again. Suppose I owe you a large sum of money, and you are persuaded I am incapacitated to pay and you give me acquittal from that obligation. You say: "I cancel that debt. All is right now. Start again." And the next day I come in and say: "You know about that big debt I owe you. I have come to get you to let me off. I feel so badly about it. I cannot rest. Do let me off." You reply with a little impatience: "I did let you off. Don't bother yourself and bother me with any more of that discussion." The following day I come in and say: "My dear sir, about that debt—I can never get over the fact that I owe you that money. It is something that weighs on my mind like a millstone. Do forgive me that debt." This time you clear lose your patience and say: "You are a nuisance. What do you mean by this reiteration of that affair? I am almost sorry

### I FORGAVE YOU THAT DEBT.

Do you doubt my veracity or do you not understand the plain language in which I told you that debt was cancelled? Well, my friends, there are many Christians guilty of worse folly than that. While it is right that they repent of new sins and of recent sins, what is the use of bothering yourself and insulting God by asking him to forgive sins that long ago were forgiven? God has forgotten them? No you drag the load on with you, and 365 times a year, if you pray every day, you ask God to recall occurrences which he has not only forgiven, but forgotten.

Not only forget your pardoned transgressions, but allow others to forget them. The chief stock on hand of some people is to recount in prayer meetings and pulpits what big scoundrels they once were. They not only will not forget their forgiven deficits, but they seem to be determined that the church and the world shall not forget them. If you want to declare that you have been the chief of sinners and extol the grace that could save such a wretch as you were, do so, but do not go into particulars. Do not tell how many times you got drunk or to what bad places you went or how many free rides you had in the prison van before you were converted. Lump it, brother, give it to us in bulk. If you have any scars get in honorable warfare do not display them. I know you will quote the Bible reference to the horrible pit from which you were digged. Yes, be thankful for that rescue, but do not make displays of the mud of that horrible pit or splash it over other people. Sometimes I have felt in Christian meetings discomfited and unfit for Christian service because I had done none of those things which seemed to be, in the estimation of many necessary for Christian usefulness. For I never swore a word or ever got drunk or went to compromising places or was guilty of assault and battery or ever uttered

### A SLANDEROUS WORD.

or ever did any one a hurt, although I knew my heart was sinful enough, and I said to myself, "There is no use of my trying to do any good, for I never went through those depraved experiences." But afterwards I saw consolation in the thought that no one gained any ordination by the laying on of the hands of dissoluteness and infamy. And though an ordinary mortal life, ending in a Christian life, may not be as dramatic a story to tell about, let us be grateful to God rather than worry about it if we have never plunged into outward abominations. It may be appropriate in a meeting of reformed drunkards or reformed debauchees to quote for those not reformed how desperate and nasty you once were, but do not drive a scavenger's cart into assemblages of people the most of whom have always been decent and respectable. But I have been sometimes in great evangelical meetings where people went into particulars about the sins that they once committed, so much so that I felt like putting my hand on my pocketbook or calling for the police lest these reformed men might fall from grace and go at their old business of theft or drunkenness or cut-throatery. If your sins have been forgiven and your life purified, forget the waywardness of the past, and allow others to forget it.

So I set open the wide gate of

my text, inviting you all to come into the mercy and pardon of God—yea, still further, into the ruins of the place where once was kept the knowledge of your iniquities. The place has been torn down and the records destroyed, and you will find the ruins more dilapidated and broken and prostrate than the ruins of Melrose or Kenilworth, for from these last ruins you can pick up some fragment of a sculptured stone or you can see the curve of

### SOME BROKEN ARCH.

but after your repentance and your forgiveness you cannot find in all the memory of God a fragment of your pardoned sins so large as a needle's point. "Their sins and their iniquities will I remember no more."

Six different kinds of sounds were heard on that night which was interjected into the daylight of Christ's assassination. The neighing of the war-horses—for some of the soldiers were in the saddles—was one sound, the bang of the hammers was a second sound, the jeer of malignants was a third sound, the weeping of friends and followers was a fourth sound, the splash of blood on the rocks was a fifth sound and the groan of the expiring Lord was a sixth sound. And they all commingled into one sadness. Over a place in Russia where wolves were pursuing a load of travellers and to save them a servant sprang from the sled into the mouths of the wild beasts and was devoured and thereby the other lives were saved are inscribed the words "Greater love hath no man than this, that a man lay down his life for his friend." Many a surgeon in our own time has in tracheotomy with his own lips drawn from the windpipe of a diphtheritic patient that which cured the patient and slew the surgeon, and all have honored the self-sacrifice. But all other scenes of sacrifice pale before this most illustrious martyr of all time and all eternity. After that agonizing spectacle in behalf of our fallen race nothing about life sin forgetting God is too stupendous for my faith and I accept the promise and will you not all accept it? "Their sins and their iniquities will I remember no more."

## THE S. S. LESSON.

### INTERNATIONAL LESSON, MARCH 30.

Text of the Lesson, John xx, 1-18 Golden Text, John xi, 25.

1, 2. They have taken away the Lord out of the sepulcher and we know not where they have laid Him. These were the words of Mary Magdalene to Peter and John on her return from the sepulcher early on the morning of the resurrection day. As all the lessons of the quarter have shown us the power and doings of the risen and ascended Christ it is not amiss on this review day, which happens to be Easter, to consider again especially His resurrection. We see in those women as in the apostles, true believers in and followers of the Lord Jesus with life and the future all dark to them because they knew not of the resurrection, and they knew not because they believed not. In the lessons of the quarter we have seen thousands upon thousands of men and women made new creatures in the power of His resurrection. We need to be often reminded that if Christ be not risen all preaching is vain and none has been saved or ever will be, but Christ being risen up from the dead, and having all power in heaven and earth every purpose of the Lord shall be performed (I Cor. xv, 12-28.)

3-5. The two disciples ran because of Mary's message, and John, the fleetest of the two, arriving first, stooped down and looked in and saw the linen clothes lying, but did not go in. It may have seemed to him, too sacred a thing to step into such a place, or it may be that he feared he might see the precious body, desecrated, lying elsewhere in the tomb. We cannot know fully his thoughts and feelings, until he shall some day tell us himself, but this we surely know, that if he had believed his Lord's words he would not have been surprised to find an empty tomb, but might rather have joyfully exclaimed, "He is risen!"

6-8. Peter, more impulsive, when he comes, goes right into the sepulcher, then John follows, and they both see the linen clothes lying and the napkin that was about His head wrapped together in a place by itself and they believed Mary's testimony that the body was not in the tomb, but beyond that, as to what had become of the body they were in the dark, as the verses following testify.

9. "For as yet they knew not the Scripture, that He must rise again from the dead." Besides His own oft repeated words they might, with annotated eyes, have seen His resurrection in Ps. xvii, 10; Isa. xxvi, 19; lili, 10; Hos. vi, 2, or at least a strong suggestion of it, but their hearts were set upon a kingdom which, according to their way of thinking, was to be established there and then, and being filled with their own thoughts they had no place for His thoughts and purposes.

10-11. The disciples went to their own home, but Mary remained at the sepulcher weeping. Luke says that Peter departed wondering in himself at that which was come to pass (Luke xxiv, 12), not believing that Christ was risen, but believing simply that His body was not in the tomb and wondering what had become of it and what it all meant.

We are reminded by the disciples and Mary of a time when "every man went to his own home. Jesus went unto the Mount of Olives" (John vii, 53; viii, 1). Did you ever see a precious body laid away from your sight, and the friends and relatives all went to their homes, but you, having left that which was the house in which the one who was dearer to you than life had lived in the tomb, felt that you no longer had what could be called home? If so, you can sympathize with Mary.

12, 13. "Woman, why weepest thou?" Thus spake the angels to her, and she answers in about the same words she had used to Peter and John. Words seem idle when there is this aching void in the heart unless they come from those who can truly sympathize, who have themselves experienced our sorrow.

14, 15. "Woman, why weepest thou?" This time the words are from Jesus Himself, and they mean more, for He can be touched with a feeling of our infirmities (Heb. iv, 15, 16). It would seem that as Mary faced the angels and they spoke to her she must have seen them looking at some one behind her, and as she turned to see whom or what they were looking at she, supposing she saw the gardener, speaks to him of the body she cannot find. I imagine her talking to Him whom she so loved and not knowing Him, but see also chapter xxi, 4, and remember the two walked to Emmaus with Him and knew Him not till they saw His hands as He broke bread in the house. How grief and unbelief do blind us, and how much sorrow we might escape if we would only believe God!

16. "Mary!" "Master!" What a heavenly "multum in parvo!" Just one word from each, but heart meets heart in those two words. The heart broken is comforted, the Father of mercies and God of all comfort has spoken. Whether it be as Frederic Whitfield says, the sorrowing, broken hearted Mary, or the tired and terrified disciples in the upper room, or doubting Thomas, or the weary, disappointed toilers on the lake, as Jesus shows Himself, the risen Christ to each all is made right, and the all-sufficiency of Christ for every state of man's heart is made manifest. The heart of man needs only to see Jesus. Let Him—present Himself and all will be well, and the heart will be filled with joy and gladness and repose quietly in Him.

17. "I ascend unto my Father and your Father, and to my God and your God." The question is often asked, Why did our Lord not allow Mary to touch Him when just a little later the same morning He allowed the other women to hold Him by the feet and worship Him? (Matt. xxviii, 9) Why not be content with the Lord's own reason, "For I am not yet ascended to My Father?" The inference is plain and easy that before the other women met Him He had ascended to His Father and returned. During the forty days He evidently ascended and returned many times before the visible ascension, since which he has not yet returned, but He will (Acts i, 11), and soon now.

18. Her tears were dried, her heart was glad and she went as His messenger to comfort others as they mourned and wept, but as she told them the wonderful story they would not believe her (Mark xvi, 9-14). Neither did they at first believe the two who saw Him later on the same day, and when, in the evening, He appeared unto the eleven He upbraided them with their unbelief.

### EASTER MORN.

Bring Easter flowers the fairest,  
Of sweet perfume the rarest,  
God's angels to adorn  
His altars of praise the clearest,  
To Him whose name is dearest,  
This resurrection morn.

And share the Easter token  
With mourning one's heart broken,  
All friendless and forlorn:  
Their dear ones He has taken  
Again to life shall waken  
Some resurrection morn.

His life for all was given,  
By Him the tomb was riven  
Who wore the crown of thorns  
That heavy hearts should lighten,  
And tearful eyes should brighten  
Each, resurrection morn.

The reign of death is ended,  
Our Saviour Lord ascended,  
Who came, the lowly born,  
He opens wide the portal  
To light and life immortal  
This resurrection morn.

### LONG-LIVED ANNUITANTS.

An old resident of Stockton, England, has just died at the age of eighty-seven. Thirty years ago he was in extremely feeble health, and he ceded a piece of property to a neighbor who required it for business purposes on a promise to pay him \$10 a week for the remainder of his then expected brief life. The neighbor who made this costly bargain has long since been dead; but he left an estate out of which the weekly stipend—a handsome little sum of over \$15,000 in the total—has been regularly paid.

### THE STRONGEST WOOD.

Lancewood is said to be the strongest wood known; its tensile strength per square inch is 23,000 pounds—that is to say, that weight is required to tear asunder a piece of it one inch square.

# EASTER.

"What is the good of Easter?" asked one fashionable young lady of another.

"Easter," replied the other. "Why, if it wasn't for Easter, we should have to wear our frumpish old winter bonnets and hats till the summer millinery put in an appearance. Easter is the most delightful season in the whole world."

We recognize Easter as the time for general awakening. We are told that the festival takes its name from Ostern, the feast in honor of the goddess of Ostera, who was the personification of the morning in the East, and also of the opening year. The worship of Ostera appears to have been prevalent in Northern Germany at a very early date, and it was probably carried to England by the Saxons.

In early days the exact time for the feast of Easter was somewhat indefinite; but Constantine, in 325, brought the matter before the Council at Nice, and it was there settled that Easter should occur on the first Sunday after the full moon which happens upon or next after the 21st of March.

So the full moon determines the time when you shall wear your beautiful new Easter bonnet, and put the Easter lilies in your window, to let passers-by see that you are up-to-date.

Easter is a perfect godsend to the shopkeepers. After the rush at Christmas comes the hurly burly of the "marked down" sales, and then, if it were not for Easter, there would be a dead calm until the spring muslins and shirt waists, and other fold-overs, put in an appearance.

But Easter steps in between, and gives the enterprising dealer a splendid opportunity to display their skill at window dressing with the unique material of the season.

Eggs play a very prominent part in all Easter decorations. Eggs painted and dyed, and ornamented in ways which would drive distracted the old hen that laid them, eggs which she would never acknowledge she had any part in bringing into the world.

Some merchants have been adventurous enough to place hens and chickens in their windows at Easter; and it is hoped that the motherly old biddies, clucking and scratching the sawdust all over the silks and laces in the windows, fully realize that they were put there for the admiration of the passing multitude, and not as a penance.

Easter silks and Easter ribbons and Easter bonnets—in fact, the word Easter is prefixed to almost everything offered for sale at the Easter season. We have never heard of Easter pantaloons, but they surely ought to figure in the play, and give the stronger sex some chance to go shopping at Easter.

Your minister preaches an Easter sermon, and your choir sings an Easter selection, and the wads and take up an Easter collection—and let us hope it is a good one, with no stray plugged 10 cent pieces, or suspender buttons, mixed with the current coin of the realm.

Your daughter plays an Easter sonata to her lover, and your friend's daughter, perhaps, plans for an Easter wedding.

The ashes of Lent have been scattered to the four winds—the coldness and greyness of the fasting season are over, and the man with a good appetite rejoices that he can eat a square meal of beefsteak, and not feel any qualms of conscience over the performance.

When Easter comes we are looking hopefully for spring breezes. We may hear a blue-bird, or a robin, any moment. It is possible that before long we shall hear the piping of the frogs, and welcome a stray wintered-through mosquito. No more ploughing through the snow, no more stalled trains, no more delayed daily papers, no more blizzards, no more "cold waves" to dread, at least for this spring.

Nature is reviving. Country folks are taking sulphur and molasses, and city invalids are experimenting with spring bitters.

Your Uncle Andrew, on the farm, is studying out what he had better plant to feed the city boarders on; and your Aunt Becky is looking over the winter's accumulation of rags, to decide whether she had better braid a rug for Sam's wife, or sell the rags to the tin peddler.

The boys are cleaning up their bicycles, and indulging in little surreptitious spins along the sidewalks at night, when the policeman is at the other end of his beat, or imbibing a little hot punch "for his cold," in some friendly temperance hotel.

All hail to Easter, and the pleasant memories it commemorates. And when we look at the gorgeous array of Easter hats and bonnets next Sunday at church, let us not be envious, and allude sarcastically to Mrs. A.'s "awful ugly nose," or Mrs. B.'s "badly shaped mouth," just because those ladies happen to be carrying a more extensive flower garden on their respective hats than we have been able to muster of ours.—Kate Thorn.

"Darling," he cried, in tender tones, "I never loved but thee!" "Then we must part," the maid replied: "no amateurs for me."

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## The Pickering News.

PICKERING, ONT., Mar. 28 1902.

### LOCALISMS.

—John Gordon sold his colts last week to Arthur Cuthbert.  
—Andrew Douglas moved into the Leavens house on Monday.  
—The college has decided to make cricket the leading game this season.  
—Chas. Bradford and family entertained a number of friends on Wednesday evening.  
—A large number from here including many college students left on Thursday for the Easter vacation.  
—Good Friday service will be held in St. George's church at 7:30 in the evening. Offering will be devoted to Jewish Missions.  
—Miss Edith Law, of Greenwood, is visiting at Thos. Law, sr., on account of the serious illness of her sister-in-law, Mrs. A. T. Law.  
—John Dickie & Co are agents for the Butterick Patterns, Delineator subscriptions received, and copies for sale. Monthly fashion sheets given away free.  
—S. Linton last Saturday moved a small dwelling from the property of Mrs. Wetherald on the Base Line, to his farm on the Kingston Road, using for the purpose two traction engines. It was rather a novel sight in these parts.  
—On Monday W. E. Vanstone shipped 60 head of cattle from here and 45 from Claremont. 85 of these were sent to Portland for export and the balance to Toronto. On Thursday he shipped 100 hogs for the Toronto market.  
—On Wednesday evening at seven o'clock, a very pretty house wedding took place at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Boyes, when their second youngest daughter, Mattie J. was united in marriage to Theodore Anson. The ceremony was performed in the parlor, the Rev. G. Mc Gregor B.D. officiating. The bride was attended by her sister, Edna, while Violet Boyes niece of the bride made a very pretty little flower girl, and Fred Andrews ably supported the groom. The bride was most becomingly adorned in cream. Among those from a distance who were present to witness the ceremony were, Mrs. Baird, of York, Mr. and Mrs. Mitchell, Albert Boyes and Miss Florence Gamble, of Toronto, W. McGuire, of Hamilton, Miss Lily Gerow, of Oshawa, Will Boyes, of St. Thomas, Alvin Hunter, of Port Perry, and others. We extend our congratulations to the happy couple, and wish them a long and prosperous career.  
—In our last issue we referred briefly to one of those sad accidents that periodically occur to cast a gloom over a community and to bring sorrow to many a home, we allude to the awful and sudden death at the age of 81 years and 4 months, of Wm. McCausland, a former resident of Pickering. On the 5th of March last year, Mr. McCausland was married to Miss McFarlane, of Victoria County, and about three months later the young and happy couple went to Toronto to live, Mr. McCausland having secured a situation on the Grand Trunk as brakeman. On Thursday morning last whilst the unfortunate man was engaged in shunting a number of cars from the main line of the Grand Trunk to the Electric Railway at Oshawa, his foot became caught in the frog between the two tracks and before the train could be stopped one wheel passed over his foot tearing the boot clean off, and the wheel afterwards passing over his body. As soon as his foot became caught he called to his mate on top of the train, but it was too late. His companion hurried to his assistance, but after reaching him he gave a couple of gasps when the last spark of life became extinguished, death being almost instantaneous. His body was afterwards conveyed to the residence of his son, Miss McCausland of this village. The funeral took place on Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock and was conducted by the Pickering and Whitby lodges of the A. F. & A. M., the former of which the deceased was an honored member. The large number of brethren who attended from these lodges testified to the high esteem in which the deceased was held. The funeral was largely attended by friends throughout the township as well as a number from Chicago, Kingston, Bowmanville, Fenelon Falls and from other points, including the deceased's brother Eben, from Essex. Appropriate services were conducted at the house by the Geo. McGregor B.D., before the remains were conveyed to the Union cemetery for interment. The surviving relatives wish to convey through the News their deep gratitude to the members of the Masonic Lodges for their kindness and sympathy during their hour of trial and sorrow. The inquest into the cause of death took place at Whitby on Friday, but has been adjourned and resumed several times since, but at the time of writing has not been concluded. The law requires the frogs on railways to be closed sufficiently to prevent such accidents, but as the frog in question lies between the G.T.R. and the Electric Railway, the point to be decided is upon whom does the responsibility rest.  
—Oshawa March 26—The inquest called to enquire into the death of Grand Trunk brakeman William John McCausland, at Oshawa Junction on the morning of March 20th, gave the following decision: That William John McCausland came to his death by getting his foot fast in a frog on Grand Trunk property, through the negligence of the Grand Trunk Railway, by not having the said frog properly

—Miss Jane Wood, of Toronto, is home on a visit.  
—R. Moore has treated his shop to a fresh coat of paint.  
—Mrs. Savage and son, David went to Hamilton for Easter holidays.  
—W. D. Rogers went to Toronto on Tuesday where he bought a team of horses.  
—Mrs. A. T. Law who has been very low this week, is slightly improved at present.  
—Mrs. Moneypony, of Toronto, spent a few days last week with James and Mrs. Brien.  
—Miss G. Baker will hold her spring millinery opening on Saturday next, March 29th.  
—Mrs. J. B. Jephson and child, left on Monday for a visit to the former's parents in Seaford.  
—Dr. F. L. Henry will be here as usual next Tuesday to attend to his professional duties.  
—J. H. Gulliver who has been for the past year in Vancouver B.C., returned home on Wednesday.  
—Joseph Collins sold his fancy pair of drivers to A. Cuthbert, of Boston, for the handsome sum of \$500.  
—M. Burroughs, butcher, moved his family this week into the Dales residence formerly occupied by E. J. Shirley.  
—Miss J. A. Wood left on Monday for Manitoba after spending a few months with her parents on the Front Road.  
—Miss Morris, of Brooklin, returned on Monday, having spent a few days pleasantly with her college friends here.  
—The principal of our school, R. H. Stephens, tendered his resignation this week, the same to take effect at the end of April.

—See Dickie's show window for the new style Fedoras and Christy hats, nice Spring caps, and Fancy shirts, big new stock just opened up.  
—James Henderson, of Scarborough Junction, was calling upon friends in Pickering on Friday last, and while here gave the "News" a pleasant call.  
—Mrs. Brown who has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. T. A. Greig for the past two months, returned to her home in Kincardine on Tuesday.  
—E. Bell, of Uxley, Mich., was a pleasant caller at this office on Friday last. He has been spending a short visit with his parents in Audley, and also attending his sister's wedding.  
—On Saturday morning last, Mrs. J. H. Shea and family of King St., had a very narrow escape from suffocation on account of escaping gas. Dr. Bateman was called in and attended to the sufferers, who are now doing well.  
—The college concert on Friday evening last under the auspices of the Athletic Association, was one of the best that they have given for some time. As it was given at a time when the students were busy preparing for their examinations, the numbers presented were not so classical as some given at previous concerts, but for that reason was more popular. The Hon. John Dryden in his own happy manner, ably presided. After a short but very appropriate address the chairman called upon those who contributed to the program, which consisted of vocal and instrumental music, recitations, Indian club and dumbbell exercises. All the students executed their respective parts in good style, but that of Miss Hamby especially was commented upon most favorably. Miss Jessie Binns, of Toronto, and a former student of the college, was present and added much pleasure to the gathering by her clever playing. The manner in which all the numbers were rendered testified to the excellent work that is being carried on at the college. The attendance was very good the hall being comfortably filled, and all seemed pleased with the evening's program.  
—Many farmers fear, owing to the very mild March which we have experienced this year, that it may be followed by destructive frosts later on. Robert F. Stupart, of the Meteorological Observatory, Toronto, in the course of an interview with a representative of the Weekly Sun says: "Of all the years therefore, in which March has been exceptionally mild '95 was the only one in which the thermometer went below freezing point after an early date in April. In fact, we have to go back to the very earliest days of our records in 42 to find the temperature going below the freezing point in the vicinity of Toronto during June. Of course, there have been ground frosts, particularly on low-lying ground, after the vegetation started, but in none of the years in which March was exceptionally mild have we had a below freezing record, with the exception of '95, after an early date in April. Of course, no one can tell what is ahead of us, but, basing my statement on the meteorological records of the past, I have no reason to anticipate any more danger to vegetation from frost during the coming spring and summer than we have experienced in any one of a dozen years past."

### LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

[This department is open to all for the fair discussion of public questions. The writer must in all cases send his correct name with copy. We wish it distinctly understood, however, that in no case do we hold ourselves responsible for opinions expressed by correspondents.—Ed. News.]  
DEAR FRIEND—I find in thy last issue, what purports to be a reply to my last letter, with this heading "The War Controversy." This I consider not strictly a correct caption, for the point at issue, was not so much whether war be lawful to the Christian or not, but rather whether Friends have so far ceased their testimony against all war, as being forbidden to the Christian by Christ himself, as to retain amongst them members, both justifying war, and engaging therein. His first article was headed "Quakers and War," wherein he insinuated some Friends held war to be right in certain cases, as in defensive warfare. I felt sorry he left his arrows so wide from the mark, and aim so much at myself, who would only wish, to stand aside with others, and see who hits the nearest to the target of truth. If I did playfully liken him to a very sly animal that lives in a swamp, and often walks in

a meditative mood, and then unveil his thoughts as regards the denizens of our homes, he forgets my prelude, "Let me do as he did." He justly complains of my doing so of him; at this I rejoice for I do not do it, to show him that detraction and innuendoes are not arguments and are unworthy of a writer. My purpose then in this being accomplished let me pass on to things more apropos.  
It is certainly a wrong principle to judge any body of men or any society by the few who have obviously become unfaithful to the principles held by that society. By following such a course of reasoning, he could say, some of the apostles were covetous and betrayers of their Lord, because Judas was such, or because a few members of any religious society became tipplers, or drunkards, or swearers, that the body to which they belonged justified these things. Which would evidently be a false deduction. And to say "we are all idolaters, because we have all been sinners" is no nearer the truth. Paul, the apostle, says of some of the Saints at Corinth, that once they were idolaters, fornicators, thieves, drunkards etc whom he says "shall not enter the Kingdom of God." Had they remained so, would they not then by Paul's interpretation of God's will, have been excluded from heaven? But repenting, they were washed from their sin and made saints, and these are the true heirs to blessedness hereafter. It is true all idolatry or worshipping of images is sin, but the converse "that all sin is idolatry" is not true. It would be just as true to say because "all crows are black" therefore "all black things are crows." Even the little negro boy would smile at this and say "that's not so, who says that?" "Oh, its me" and "Who are you?" "I am Worldly Wiseman, I pose as the champion of truth, and by the tricks of sophistry, I can prove that black is white." "Well you're may try, but de boys all call me 'kettle nigger' and you proving me white don't make me so." I guess de boys are right." To which we all as hearers could not but think or say "Yes, thou child of the sunny South, truth is truth wherever spoken, and no words of sophistry can make every sin idolatry, evil, good or a sinner, a saint."

Now strangely he states "all people believe all war to be evil" and yet he calls the armies engaged in the Civil War of America, both north and south I presume "the armies of God," and asks me "If I will say 'did they not belong to these?' I will reply by a query too. If war is evil, were the armies of God found doing evil?" I am one who will endorse the view of the apostle Paul who says "some did wickedly report the Christians as saying, 'Let us do evil that good may come.' But adds Paul, whose damnation is just. Therefore if war be an evil, which my friend Mack Hall confesses it to be, has he or anyone else the right to justify the man who does the evil? We as a society deny all human standards, of which this certainly is one that justifies what all men know to be an evil. We hold to the teachings of divine truth. Disclaiming all humanly made creeds, so liable to error, we take as the alone authority in all matters of controversy, the Holy Scriptures, believing that they contain all things essentially binding on our mutual belief. What is contrary thereto we reject. God's good and perfect gifts to man to lead and aid him in his search for truth are revelation, the Holy Scriptures and reason. They who sincerely seek Him do find. To them He gives a sound mind. Yet these may all be counterfeited as good coin is, but that lessens not the value of what is true. Nor did Friends ever endorse the view of our friend that because a man most certainly believes a thing, that therefore makes it right. Was slavery right, because the people of the South believed it was, and their ministers professed to prove it to be so from the Scriptures? They claimed that the slavery of the negro race was a divine institution. Did their thinking so, make it so? If this were true, then the North was unquestionably wrong to force the South to abandon what they thought to be right.  
I am greatly surprised that a British citizen should ever even think that the armies of the United States were the "armies of God." What about the armies of Canada, Britain, and beaten Japan? Britain's ally, are they too all "armies of God?" The Messenger, a weekly pamphlet with the largest circulation of any in Canada, lately gave this item: "Seventeen good, sober boys went from an Illinois town as soldiers to Manila. One was killed; the other sixteen met with a worse fate; they came home confirmed drunkards—certain drunkards." Are God's armies made up of drunkards? I am still more surprised to think that such a thought should ever be entertained by one who I believe would like to be a Christian. God's armies are his holy hosts of angels above, and holy men on earth, whose weapons as Paul says are not carnal. But the armies of the world are for no other purpose than to kill their enemies, and to do so, they use none but carnal weapons. Therefore I answer, emphatically "no," they are not the soldiers of the Prince of "Peace," who brings his soldiers under the discipline of love, and by their love one to another are they to be known of all men, that they belong to a Christian band.  
Their uniform too, is fine linen clean and white, unspotted from the filth of the world, not the khaki, besmeared with mud and bespattered with human gore from shells hurled from the satanic engines of war.

Now I am a British born citizen, and like Paul, I prize my birthright privileges, and I love British fair play, nor do I like to see man strive to make others think that another man makes his well acknowledged views. Far fetched indeed is his argument that Whittier would claim there was a righteous cause for war in his quotation from that poet. Whittier in his zeal for the abolition of the curse of slavery therein called not for war, wherein too often might not right does rule, but for legislative action, and that struggle for the right in the councils of the nation. And in his quotation from John Bright, he draws an inference totally at variance to what J. B. therein expresses. John Bright my father's intimate and life long friend and former pupil, was at one time a colleague of Gladstone in the British ministry; but when that ministry came to the conclusion that war must be declared, John Bright resigned, and when under the Earl of Aberdeen, war with Russia was declared, Bright stood almost alone in opposition, and his longest and greatest oration was in advocacy of peace and not war at that time. And Gladstone and all England too, subsequently came to see that, that war

(Continued on Page 5.)

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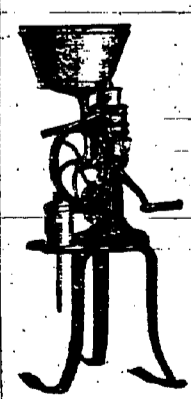
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